Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

The New Counterfeit Greenbacks—West Point Visitors' Report—War Prisoners' Association—Tobacco Stamps.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 4, 1869.

THE SPURIOUS TEN DOLLAR GREENBACKS.

New developments are being made daily concerning the spurious ten dollar greenbacks. Two specimens received to-day bear witness that they are new issues, for all the defects previously referred to have been removed, and the general appearance of the notes so exactly corresponds with the genuine that it almost defines detection by professional experts.

VISITORS' REPORT.

The report of the Board of Visitors to West Point Military Academy, received at the War Department, states, among other things, that although the Institution has effected much good, it does not meet the requirements of the present day, and should therefore be raised to a standard unsurpassed abroad. They recommend the Academy be enlarged and the number of pupils increased.

WAR PRISONERS' ASSOCIATION.

The Union War Prisoners' Association held a regular meeting last evening, and the Committee having charge of the erection of a monument in this city to the memory of those who died in southern prisons reported the indications from all parts of the country most cheering, and as indicating a substantial response in aid of the project and a most enthusiastic endorsement of it.

BOUNDARY LINE.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has received a letter from the Surveyor of the boundary line between California and Oregon announcing the establishment of the line as far as the 191st mile. The work will probably be completed during the present month.

TOBACCO STAMPS.

The Revenue Bureau has ordered a change of the small tobacco stamps for two ounce packages of class No. 16, for a strip stamp. The new series of tobacco stamps registered will soon be ready for issue. The unregistered stamps are promised in ten days.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were $874,000.

NEW YORK CITY.

Seizure of Spanish Gunboats—Stamp Defrauders Caught—Immigration—Cuban Forger—Protest Against the Proposed Purchase of the Island of Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazett.]

NEW YORK, August 4, 1869.

The seizure of the Spanish gunboats still attracts attention. Mr. Delamater had an interview with Marshal Barlow this afternoon relative to the ultimate course to be pursued by the Government about the Spanish gunboats. It is understood the Marshal informed him he should rigidly obey the orders of the Government for the suppression of filibustering, whether by Cubans or Spaniards, and that the vessels will be held until their release is ordered by the authorities at Washington. It is stated Mr. Delamater contracted to deliver to the Spanish government without the armament for $50,000 each, while per contra the Marshal is said to have information that each vessel was to carry a one hundred pound swivel gun. The manufacture of these and other necessary munitions of war had been contracted for with Kimball's works, at Cold Springs. Measures have been taken by the Marshal to prevent the delivery of the armament to the Spanish government.

Five persons, named McCartney, Carroll, Harrison, Byrnes and Haltze were arrested to-day by United States detectives, charged with defrauding the Government by the revamping of cancelled stamps and selling the same for new ones at less than Government price.

Sir James Anderson and Bishop Bayley, of Newark, were passengers per China to-day for Liverpool.

168,064 immigants have arrived at this port this year to date, an increase of 34,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

The steamship China sailed this noon for England. Among the passengers was P. S. Gilmore, the America Maestro, who goes to Europe for three months. A large number of friends and musicians escorted him to the steamer.

The Cuban Junta to-day forwarded a protest to the President and Secretary Fish against the proposed purchase of Cuba from the Spanish government, alleging that two-thirds of the Island is owned by native Cubans.

Manuel Cortez, one of the Cuban patriots, was arrested to day on a charge of attempting to pass a forged check for $3,000.

BOSTON.

The Murder of Mrs. Dr. Hobbs—The Murderer.

[By telegra h to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, August 4.—An inquest is to be held to-morrow relative to the murder of Mrs. Dr. Hobbs. The murderer, Maj. White, came from Nova Scotia. He studied law in this city and was admitted to practice. When the war commenced he enlisted in the 9th Massachusetts regiment as a private, and served with distinction. He was severely wounded at Fredericksburg, and subsequently promoted to the rank of Major for gallantry. Of late he has resided in Mississippi, and was a delegate from that State to the Chicago Convention of 1868, and since has acted as a registry officer, a position secured for him by his friend Gen. Dent. He came to Boston about two weeks ago from Mississippi, suffering from a pulmonary complaint, and having been an intimate friend of Dr. Hobbs and wife, was taken into their family for medical treatment. It is asserted that he was in love with Mrs. Hobbs, and in fact a monomaniac in his devotion.

CINCINNATI.

Base Ball—Exposition of Textile Fabrics—Tobacco Association.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, August 4.—The game of base ball between the Red Stockings and Central City Club, of Syracuse, N. Y., came off at Union Grounds this afternoon, and resulted in a victory to the former. Two thousand persons were present. The day was very fine, but the playing indifferent. There will be another game between these clubs to-morrow.

The exposition of textile fabrics grows in magnitude and importance. Good judges place the number visiting the rooms to-day at not less than twenty thousand persons. The indications are that there will be a jam to-morrow. All day the fine, spacious store rooms in which it is held were packed with enthusiastic spectators. The rooms are very wide, well lighted, and have an aggregate length of seven hundred and fifty feet. The spectators are startled and gratified with this evidence of the extent and perfection of the manufactures of textile goods in the West. Eight new boxes of goods arrived to-day. The total number of entries is twelve hundred and eighty-four. Among the arrivals to-day was one box of cassimeres, kerseys and jeans from Brigham Young, Salt Lake City, from Deseret Mills. The receipt was acknowledged by telegraph. There were very many ladies among the visitors to-day.

Looms from Lawrenceburg and New Albany, Indiana, and from Fairmount and Cincinnati, Ohio, four in number, were in operation all day in weaving cassimeres, jeans and bagging. Manufacturers of machinery from all parts of the East have specimens on exhibition. Everybody regrets that it is to close so soon. The management feels that the most sanguine hopes have been more than realized and that the display eminently deserves its name, "great exposition." The representation from the press from all parts of the country has increased since yesterday.

Awarding Committees were appointed to-day. Sixty-five premiums are to be awarded, one of one hundred dollars for fancy cassimeres, ditto for bale of cotton, eight of fifty dollars each, and the remainder twenty-five dollars each. Other awards, not on the list, will be given.

Thirty carriage loads of exhibitors, accompanied by citizens, were drawn to Spring Grove Cemetery and Clifton to-day, visiting also the hospital and workhouse.

The Celestials expected failed to put in an appearance to-day, but are expected to-night certainly.

The rooms have been open only during the day, but many requests are coming in to open them at night to afford opportunity to the many who can't come by day. It is now not improbable that the time will be extended one day longer.

To-morrow at nine o'clock there will be a meeting of the Wool Growers and Woolen Manufacturers' Association of the Northwest at the rooms of the Exposition.

The National Convention to complete the organization of the National Tobacco Association, commenced at a convention held in Washington January 27th last, held its second meeting at the Burnet House last night. W. E. Lawrence, of New York, was chosen President. Letters from De Ford and Gael, of Batlimore, Weyman, of Pittsburgh, Tilton, of Boston, Lorillard, McAlpine and Hall, of New York City were read. Frazier, of Richmond, Virginia, McGinty, of Detroit, Gallagher, of New Haven, Hale and Carroll, New York, and other representatives from Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky were present, making the whole number twenty-four. The ostensible objects of the association are self-protection against unfriendly litigation and unfavorable discrimination in decisions upon the revenue law and the general advancement of their mutual interests. A resolution was passed continuing the present Executive Committee in power to January 27, 1870, and enabling it to add to its number, so that States should be represented according to their interest in the trade. Discussion was had as to the conditions of membership, and it was agreed to admit all the various branches of the trade.

Messrs. L. Frazier, of Richmond, D. H. McAlpine, of New York, W. D. Maddux, of Cleveland, and Mr. Campbell, of New Jersey, were appointed a Committee to draft a constitution and by-laws.

Proposed Annexation of the British Pacific Colonies to the United States.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 4.—A London letter says: A meeting was lately held in London, consisting of all the most eminent representatives of the Pacific Colonies, and presided over by one of the most eminent, if not the most eminent, of Colonial Governors. At this gathering deep and general dissatisfaction was expressed with the political and moral relations of their important and growing countries with the parent State, and all the influential colonies present, representing, in fact, all the important interests of their respective settlements, joined in the expression of a determination to require of Great Britain some reconstruction of her colonial empire, which should afford them a guarantee that the interests of the various colonies should receive due and prompt attention. In the event of this being found impracticable, and the sense of the meeting was decided so that it would be so found, it was declared by all present that they should use all their influence with their respective settlements to leave the British allegiance, and seek in some form the protectorate of the United States, or at all events, to become in such a manner as may be decided members of the system of the Great Republic. The meeting was not public, but its results are likely to be known at an early day.

The Coal Supply at Bufialo.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, August 3.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of citizens took place at the Court House this evening to form an association to procure a supply of coal. Coal monopolies and combinations were denounced in the most indignant terms as robbers and plunderers of the poor. The most prominent citizens of this place are engaged in the movement, and a determination is manifested to make the movement permanent and to agitate State and Congressional aid to break down the coal combinations now in existence. A Committee was appointed to draft articles of organization and incorporation.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 4.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Otway, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, said the agents of the British Government were making every effort to obtain access to the Englishmen now held captive in Paraguay. The last intelligence received in regard to them was furnished by two American naval officers, and was that they were all well, but still restrained of their liberty by command of President Lopez.

Viscount Melton asked if the Government could inform the House what progress had been made in the San Juan boundary negotiations, and what the expense of holding possession of the island had been.

Mr. Otway replied that as differences still existed with the United States on the question, Her Majesty's Government was unable to furnish any information or lay any correspondence on the table. The Government of 1860 had submitted to the House what information it thought fit. If Lord Milton was able to add any thing to that, the Government would be glad to hear from him. It was impossible at such short notice to say what the cost of the occupation of the island amounted to.

The Harvard crew were out again on the Thames to day and showed a better form. They were visited to-day by Shaw, coxswain of the Oxford boat.

A portion of the London Metropolitan Fire Brigade propose to visit New York.

LONDON, August 4.—The Greek firm of Franghaidi & Rhodaconachi, New York branch, which failed this week, has suspended payment here.

The Harvard Crew made two practice trips on the Thames to-day. The weather was rainy and otherwise unfavorable, but the men exhibited a decided improvement in their rowing. Their dip is not so deep as before and they take longer strokes.

LONDON, August 4.—Mrs. Vivian has gained her suit for divorce against the Marquis of Waterford, with costs.

DUBLIN, Aug. 4.—The Irish Bishops met in private conference in this city to-day to consider the reorganization of the Irish Church.

Mr. Risdon, a Conservative, has been elected Mayor of Dublin, but the Liberals have a majority in Council.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 4.—It is asserted the Government will shortly call out the Reserves. It is reported a formidable uprising of Carlists has occurred in Torosa and Tervil. Official advices contradict the statement that two Carlist prisoners were shot by order of the council of war.

PARIS, August 4.—The Empress Engenie is expected to visit Constantinople in September. Preparations on a most extensive scale have already been commenced there for her reception.

Among the clauses of the *Senatus Consultum* is one providing that on demand of five members the Senate may resolve itself into secret Committee. The relations of the Senate and Corps Legislatif with the Emperor, and with one another, will hereafter be regulated by Imperial decree.

The *Journal Des Debats* thinks the reforms now proposed will not disappoint the hopes raised by the Imperial message to the Corps Legislatif.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, August 4.—The *Borsen Zeitung*, discussing the possibility of the imposition by Congress of a tax on the coupons of United States bonds, expresses confidence that the Republicans will remain faithful to the programme in which they pronounced energetically against repudiation. The *Zeitung* declared the current rumors to the effect that such as tax is contemplated are mere manoeuvers of the stock Exchange.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 4.—An Aide de Camp of the Grand Vizier is about to leave for Egypt, bearing a letter to the Viceroy, which, after recounting the grievances of the Sublime Porte, concludes with the intimation that in case no satisfactory explanations are given the Porte will withdraw the privilege accorded by the Firman of 1841.

SPAIN.

MADRID, August 4.—The truth of the report that Spain has opened negotiations with the United States, looking to the independence of Cuba, is positively denied.

PARIS, August 4.—The *La France* newspaper reports that Queen Isabella is disposed to abdicate the throne of Spain in favor of the Prince of Asturias.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, August 4.—The steamship France, from New York, arrived to day.

LIVERPOOL, August 4.—The steamship City of London, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 4—*Evening.*—Consols for money, 92⅞. Five-twenty bonds, 83⅜, and quiet and steady. Frankfort, 88⅜; Eries, 19¾; Illinois, 94½.

LIVERPOOL, August 2.—Cotton market firm; middling uplands, 12⅞d.; do. Orleans 13@13⅛d.; sales of 12,000 bales. California white wheat 10s. 8d.; red western 9s. 6d. Western Flour 24s. Corn; 28s. European oats 3s.6d. Peas 41s. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. Lard 70s. 9d. Cheese 62s. Bacon 62s. Tallow 47s. Turpentine 27s. 6d. Linseed oil 31s. Sugar 39s 9d. Calcutta linseed 61s. 9d. Petroleum at Antwerp 51¾f. Cotton at Havre 154½f. on spot.

PARIS, August 4.—Bourse tranquil: Rentes 72f. 70c.

The Altoona Incendiaries.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ALTOONA, August 4.—The motion for a new trial of incendiaries Beales and Duke, after able argument, was overruled, and the prisoners sentenced, Beales to ten years and Duke to five years and six months in the Western Penitentiary.

CHICAGO.

The Whitehouse-Cheney Imbroglio—Arrival of Two Chinese Merchants—Speech in English by One of Them—The Congressional Ways and Means Committee—Insurance Company Failure.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, August 4.—The Ecclesiastical Court for the trial of Rev. Charles E. Cheney, Rector of Christ Church, met to-day and adjourned over until to-morrow without taking any action on the case. At that time a protest against the recent action of the Superior Court will be presented, as well as an answer to the objections and exceptions raised on the trial by the counsel for the defendant. The case will be carried to the Supreme Court, so that it may be considered at the next term. It is not the intention of Bishop Whitehouse to let the matter drop, but he will pursue it to the end.

On Sunday next the fare over the Pacific Railroad from this city to San Francisco will be one hundred and thirty dollars, a reduction of twenty-three dollars. The emigrant fare is reduced to sixty dollars.

Sing Munn and Choy Chew the two Chinese merchants from San Francisco who accompanied the Chicago commercial party, visited the Board of Trade to-day. They were accompanied by Hon. W. D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, Hon. James Brooks, of New York, and Hon. S. S. Marshall, of Illinois, members of the House Committee of Ways and Means. When they appeared on the platform they were greeted with round after round of applause. Judge Kelly made some appropriate remarks, after which Choy Chew read the following speech in English:

"Mr. President and gentlemen of the Board of Trade: We thank you most sincerely for your kind and courteous greeting. Our purpose in visiting this section of the United States is in the main to inform ourselves by personal observations how and in what manner we can promote commercial intercourse between our own country and the other side of the Pacific and the great cities of the Rocky Mountains. Our houses in San Francisco, two of which we have the honor to represent, desire to learn the character and opportunities of trade in such places as Chicago, believing that with the facilities now afforded by the Pacific Railroad there is rapidly approaching a new era of prosperity for the whole of this great western world. You will not expect us to make a speech at this time, for we have only just arrived, and as yet know nothing of that we seek to know. Suffice it, then, to say now, we have had a delightful trip across the continent and have been treated by your commercial excursionists, and indeed by all we have met since leaving home, with almost overwhelming generosity. The Union Pacific Railroad is a wonderful work, and we say all honor to the American people for building it. Once again, gentlemen, we thank you, and beg to express the hope that we may find our acquaintance, formed under such pleasant auspices, mutually agreeable and advantageous."

This speech was loudly applauded. It was followed by Messrs. Brooks and Marshall, of the Ways and Means Committee. The two Chinese gentlemen were introduced individually to a large number of Chicago merchants.

The Committee of Ways and Means, appointed by Congress to inspect the Pacific States and Territories, arrived in Chicago last night. The following are the names: Hon. Samuel Hooper, Boston, Hon. W. B. Allison, Iowa, Hon. Horace Maynard, Tennessee, Hon. Austin Blair, Michigan, Hon. Dennis Mc Carty, New York, W. D. Kelly, Philadelphia, J. Brooks, New York, and S. S. Marshall, of Illinois. The Committee visited all the intermediate points on the Pacific Railroad and the mines on the western slopes, and also all the interesting points in Oregon and Washington and up the Oregon and Wilamette rivers, and also Puget's Sound and Vancouver's Island. During this visit they made a thorough investigation of the entire revenue service of the Pacific coast, the condition of the Mint and Sub Treasury at San Francisco, investigated to a considerable extent the question of Chinese immigration and obtained a large amount of information upon other matters which are to become subjects of legislation in Congress. They are enthusiastic in their praise of the hospitalities extended to them everywhere on the Pacific coast that they visited, and express the opinion that the Union and Central Pacific railroads are excellently managed and are the smoothest and best new roads that they have ever traveled over. The Committee will assemble in Boston on October 20th, to continue their investigations and perfect bills for the revision of the tariff and the bonded warehouse system to be reported to Congress at its next session.

The Peoria, Ill. Fire and Marine Insurance Co. has failed, not being able to comply with the new State insurance laws. The dispatch announcing the failure says the liabilities are heavy; assets nothing. It cannot reinsure a dollar.

The Tennessee Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, August 4.—Considerable excitement exists in regard to the election to-morrow. Extra precautions have been taken by the authorities to prevent disturbances at the polls, where for the first time white and black will have to vote together, as separate polls have not been established as heretofore.

NASHVILLE, August 4.—The public interest in the election to-morrow does not abate. The supporters of both Stokes and Senter are very active. Stokes has been steadily gaining the past two weeks, but there is no serious reaction. The Federal office-holders in this city, recently all Senter men, are now with one exception supporting Stokes, but their change of position comes too late. The prospect continues favorable for Senter and a liberal Legislature.

Railroad Accident—Three Men Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BETHEL, Conn., Aug. 4.—Yesterday morning the trestle work on the Fishkill and Providence Railroad, about four miles east of Danbury, gave way with a train of four dirt cars with seven men on it, pitching the men about fifty feet. One was instantly killed. A carpenter, named Quick, and a man named Kelly, lived about half an hour. Another is not expected to live. The rest are not dangerously injured.

PHILADELPHIA.

Extraordinary Fire—Bonded Warehouse Destroyed, Together With 40,000 Barrels of Whiskey—Immense Loss—Fire Department Baffled in their Efforts by the Burning Whiskey—Loss of Life.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, August 4.—10 P. M.—Since 7 o'clock this evening an immense fire has been raging in the U. S. Bonded Warehouse on the Lombard street wharf. The building contained thirty thousand barrels of whisky, which will be totally destroyed. The loss will probably reach two and a half millions of dollars. The fire was caused by the explosion of a boiler. It is thought the engineer and watchman have perished in the flames. Further particulars will be forwarded as soon as they can be obtained. The fire is now spreading frightfully.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4.—*Midnight.*—The fire is still raging, with little prospect of being subdued till morning. The fire department is on the ground, but, from the combustible nature of the contents, is unable to do more than prevent the further spreading of the flames.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4—*Afternoon.*—The United States bonded warehouse on Lombard street wharf, better known as Battleson's storehouse, a six story brick building, 350 feet by 150 feet, and containing forty thousand barrels of whisky and other goods, valued at ten or eleven million dollars, took fire at seven o'clock this evening, and up to this hour has defied the efforts of the firemen to subdue the flames. The burning liquor running through the streets like rivers destroys the hose, thus interfering with the work of the firemen. It is impossible to state how far the fire will extend.

A large number of minor casualties have occurred, but no lives are known to have been lost, except those of four children who were killed by falling bricks.

The origin of the fire is as follows: The immense weight of whisky stored in the south end of the building, directly over the engine room, caused the upper part of the building to give way, thus letting the whisky down into the engine room. In an instant the fire spread throughout the six stories.

The firemen directed their efforts to the saving of the surrounding property, it being impossible to do anything with the warehouse. Most of the whisky was that on which duty had been paid under the extension act of Congress.

This fire is the most destructive which has occured in this city since the great fire of 1854. The principal losers are the Haneys, Catherwood, and John Gibsons Sons. At this hour it is impossible to state the amount of insurance.

Latest—1:15 A. M.—A heavy thunder storm has set in, which will aid in reducing the fire, but it is still burning unchecked. The great heat prevents close approach to ascertain minor particulars, but the streets are full of rumors of lives lost by falling walls.

The stores destroyed were considered to be entirely fire proof, having iron doors and shutters. There were eighteen inch walls between each of the eight stores.

The burning whisky ran into the sewers, causing explosions and great panic among spectators, which was not lessened by reports that the building contained powder, saltpetre, &c.

These buildings were erected some fifteen years ago, and were considered among speculators the first of the kind in the country. They were formerly used by the Government for storing sugars, cigars, &c., but recently were entirely devoted to the storage of whisky in bond.

ALABAMA ELECTION.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., August 4.—The election news is meagre. As far as heard from the vote is less than last year. The probabilities are in favor of the election of Parkinson, Democrat, in the third district, by a handsome majority. The contest between Warthy, Democrat, and Buckley, Republican, in the second district, will be much closer than was expected. The latter's friends are fearful of his defeat on account of the great falling off in the negro vote.

MOBILE, August 4.—Mann's majority in Mobile, county, as far as heard from, is 1,459. Several precincts are to be heard from. The county will probably give 1,800 majority for Mann.

Advices from Court House, Baldwin county, state a negro mob took possession of the polls, beat one white man, and prevented any Democratic negro from voting. They were very riotous, and the Sheriff could not control them. That precinct gives Buckley 2,200 majority. Escanbia county gives Mann 109. Clairborne, Monroe county, at four o'clock P. M., had polled 385, all for Mann. The indications are that Mann is elected by 1,500 majority.

MOBILE, August 4.—A private telegram from Montgomery, addressed to a Government officer in Washington, says Buckley, of the Montgomery district, Buck, of the Mobile district, and Hayes, Radical, are elected to Congress. The Third District is doubtful. Mason, Elmane, Chambers and Talladega counties, give Republican majorities. The full returns from Lee county have not yet been received. As far as heard from, Parkinson, Democrat, has 1,000 majority.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., August 4.—Returns enough have been received to indicate the certai election of Kinson, Democrat, by several hundred majority, in the Third District. Buckley, Radical, is elected in thisdistrict.

Railroad Stock Excitement.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, August 4.—Much excitement exists here concerning the election of Directors of the Susquehanna Railroad in September. There are two parties seeking to control it, and each is after stock to such an extent that it has appreciated one hundred per cent. within a week. It is understood the Erie Railroad directors want control of the road. Mr. Ramsay has enjoined the transfer of the stock of the town of Onenta, on the ground that it had been sold at less than par. The Erie party claim they have secured the majority of the stock, while Mr. Ramsay insists he has it.

—The town of Gefle, in Sweden, was almost destroyed by fire July 10th. Seven hundred tenements were burned, 8,000 persons rendered houseless and a loss of $2,500,000 sustained.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Frank McCappen has been nominated by the Democrats for Mayor of San Francisco.

—A large number of strangers are arriving at Louisville in order to witness the solar eclipse.

—California has twelve million dollars in gold locked up in the United States Treasury at San Francisco.

—The $24,000 which mysteriously disappeared from the arsenal at Philadelphia was found concealed in the ground.

—Farrel, a dealer in dry goods in Jeffersonville, Ind., mysteriously disappeared a day or two since, leaving obligations behind to the amount of about $1,500.

—At Philadelphia, yesterday, the show case of George A. Enos, a silver ware establishment, was broken open and a large amount of valuable jewelry abstracted.

—The hack drivers of Toronto, Canada, are on a strike. Not a cab has been seen on the streets of the city for two days. A new by-law regulating fares is the cause of the difficulty.

—The bark. Jno. Wooster, sailed yesterday from Boston, for Constantinople, with a cargo of 79,760 muskets for the Turkish Government. A similar cargo was shipped three weeks ago.

—The Coroner of San Francisco during the last twelve months held two hundred and forty-three inquests, three of which were on persons who had committed suicide, eleven murdered and eighty-two accidentally killed.

—Gen. Milton Stapp, for many years a prominent politician of Indiana, and at one time Mayor of Madison, died at Galveston, Texas, on Monday. He was Collector of Internal Revenue in that State during Johnson's administration.

—A land slide at Stockport, Columbia county, New York, on Monday, carried away about three acres of land, a hundred feet deep. Much excitement among townspeople was caused thereby, thinking an earthquake had visited the place.

—A letter from St. Petersburg states that Kamaskirorr, the peasant who saved the life of the Czar, did not commit suicide, but was murdered by being hanged in his own house, and several persons have been arrested as accomplices in the crime.

—The American Dental Association held two sessions at Saratoga yesterday. Dr. Palmer made a report on Operating Dentistry, which was demonstrated by well executed drawings and models of teeth. The discussion on Dental Pathology and Physiology was then continued. The session will close on Friday afternoon.

—At a meeting recently held by the Land League, on the Kansas neutral lands, speeches were made by Hon. Sidney Clarke, and others. Resolutions were passed unanimously denouncing James F. Joy, and United States Senators Ross and Pomeroy, asking them to resign their seats, cutting loose from the Republican party and forming a new and independent State Central Committee. Senator Pomeroy was burned in effigy.

—Governor Smith, of Alabama, has issued a vigorous proclamation against lawlessness in Madison county, on account of information that citizens are whipped and otherwise outraged, and even murdered by disguised men, and that neither citizens nor officers seem to take steps to have the offenders arrested. The Governor directs the Sheriff to proceed immediately with a *posse comitatus*, and by calling upon the military to arrest the offenders and assure ample protection to citizens.

—Vice President Colfax and party will leave Chicago this morning at nine o'clock for the Pacific Coast via Pacific railroad. The party will consist of Mr. Colfax and wife, Miss Marcia Wade, sister of Mrs. Colfax, Lieutenant Governor Bross, Miss Jessie Bross, Mr. Calhoun, of the New York *Tribune*, and they will be joined at Cheyenne by Samuel Bowles and wife, who are now in Denver. They go in one of Pullman's most magnificent cars. The party will be absent from two to three months, and during their absence they will visit Yosemite Valley, the Geysers, Puget's Sound, Oregon, Columbia river, Idaho, &c.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, August 4.—Receipts were flour 6,000 bbls., wheat 28,000 bush., corn 60,000 bush. Shipments: wheat 30,000 bush., corn 25,000 bush. Freights firm; wheat to New York, 13c., corn 11c., oats 7½c. Flour quiet; sales 200 bbls. No. 2 city spring at $6,75. Wheat dull and easier; sales 38,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee Club, part on private terms and part at $1,42½; No. 2 Chicago, nominally at $1,14. Corn dull; sales car lots at 95@98c. Oats dull and lower; sales 11,000 bush. western at 65c. Rye nominal at $1,20 for western. Barley and Seeds nominal. Pork firm. Lard steady at 19@19½c. Highwines firm; sales 50 bbls. at $1.08.

TOLEDO, August 4.—Flour quiet; Wheat 2c better, and active for amber at $1,46@$1,47 for new; 1,47@1,48 for old No 1. red, $1,46½ No 2. red, $1,42@1,40 for No 2 and $1,44@1,45 for No. 1. red, seller the month; No 3. red 1,30; No 2. white $1,47; rejected Spring 97½. Corn better and quiet; No 1. 93c; No 2. 90c; condemned 65c. Oats quiet, unchanged; No 1. old 70c; new selier September 50c. Rye dull, none offering. Receipts—900 flour, 15,100 bush wheat, 10,000 bbls corn. Shipments—5,000 bbls flour, 13,400 bush wheat, 3,900 bush corn, 2,600 bush oats.

NEW ORLEANS, August 4.—Cotton firm, with sales of 250 bales. Gold 135¼. Sterling 49½. New York Sights ⅜ per cent. premium. Flour dull; superfine $5,75, double extra $6,37, treble extra $6,62. Corn: white $1,10. Oats 70c. Hay scarce; prime $29@31. Pork $35.25. Bacon; 36½c for shoulders, and 20c for sides, with a retail trade only. Lard; 20@21c for tierce, and 22@23c for keg. Sugar; common 11½c, and prime 14c. Molasses. 63c for prime fermenting. Whisky $1,17; Coffee; fair 15@15¼c, prime 16¼@16½c.

CHICAGO, August 4.—At open board in the afternoon the grain market was quiet and a shade easier. Wheat; No. 2 spring sold at $1,34¼@1,34¾, seller for the month, and closed with buyers at the inside figure. Corn quiet, at 90c, seller last half, and 88@88½c, seller for the month for No. 2. Provisions and freights neglected. In the evening there was nothing done.

OSWEGO, August 4.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat firm and quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee Club $1,58, No. 2 do. $1,57. Corn quiet; No. 1 kiln-dried held at $1,05. Canal freights to New York: wheat 8½c, and corn 7½c. Lake imports: 53,800 bus wheat. Canal exports: 7,400 bus wheat, 3,000 bus corn.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

EPHEMERIS.

—California fruit is cheap in Chicago.

—8,584 is said to be the number of the Jesuits.

—The Sultan objects to Jesuits and banishes them.

—Colfax and Bowles are going off to California again.

—When Philadelphians marry they call it two-i-cide.

—In China they have men milliners and women boatmen.

—The New England wild berry crop is very large this year.

—Don Carlos is advertising in New York papers for recruits.

—Madeline Henriques is to reappear at Wallack's in the autumn.

—The Jubilee has gone to Halifax—at least that town has one now.

—Men in New York catch and sell the sparrows in the Union square.

—One of Burlingame's Chinese suite is about to marry a French beauty.

—Small pox is said to hang about the cushions of the New York street cars.

—Every passenger going through the Suez canal is to be charged ten francs.

—Three million dollars is said to be the cost of the new opera house at Vienna.

—Eighty dogs and fifty-three goats were captured by the dog-gone police in Philadelphia.

—Gordon & Son's satinet factory at Garland, Me., was burned last week. Loss $10,000.

—People who went to the Adriondacks now propose to go for Murray, whose book induced them to go.

—On Thursday, Mr. Charles Meyer, wife and governess were drowned near Southampton, Long Islsnd.

—The Jewish Rabbis of Germany are about to prepare an encyclopedia to facilitate the study of the Talmud.

—Enameled ladies do not bathe this season. It is said that polished ladies still indulge occasionally in that luxury.

—At Yokohama both sexes bathe together, and in exactly similar costume. Adam and Eve were the first to wear it.

—Teheran has the cholera. As Teheran is in Persia and Persia is in Asia, it may be presumed that it is real Asiatic cholera.

—Wm. B. Astor talks of, at his individual expense, finishing the building of the Washington monument. William can afford it better than the United States can.

—Although Olive Logan is at Long Branch, it does not signify peace. Olive Branch sounds pacific but means war to the knife on the blondes. Miss Logan is not blonde herself.

—A Congregational church in Amherst, Mass., has a new pulpit built of wood two thousand years old. This wood is cedar of Lebanon and olive, and is the gift of a missionary in Syria.

—For anybody looking about for a nice quiet place, to spend the remnant of the Summer, where nothing whatever is going on, we heartily recommend Pittsburgh as fully answering that description.

—Baltimore colored mechanics are forming Unions. Judging by the number of desperate flirtations which seemed to be in progress on Tuesday, we think a good many of the young colored people hereabouts have decided to form unions too.

—Ninety-five good sized Protestant churches are to be built in Madagascar this year. Missionaries have gone there and have attempted to change the customs of the country as regards the keeping of the Sabbath, with the above results.

—James Fisk, it is said, intends to give a dinner party in New York which shall surpass anything the Ancients ever attempted. The Suez canal, the Pacific railroad and all of Mr. Fisk's own lines of travel will be used to bring palatable rarities to the feast.

—Cape May, it is said, never before enjoyed so successful a season as the present. The new notel and the new flirtation walk are very popular, more dressing than usual is done, and Mrs. J. W. Forney and daughter are said rather to lead the throng in that respect. Two Dukes and a lesser Lord are said to be among the beaux.

—They have now at Saratoga a young lady possessing eight trunks of Parisian toilettes, several boxes of *lingiere*, and ten thousand dollars in rings, ear-rings, brooches, necklaces and other ornaments. Perhaps it is well enough to remember in this connection that five years ago this fair *demoiselle* presided over her father's dram shop in Sixth avenue.—*N. Y. Gazette.*

—The "Avitor" or flying machine, now in course of constructien at San Francisco, is only a partial success. It will navigate the air in a calm, but the slightest breeze disconcerts its movements. The San Francisco *Chronicle* thinks that if the inventor should ever start for New York, he would be quite as likely to bring up at Cape Horn or the North Pole.

—If scientific investigators do not soon stop there will be actually nothing left to drink. It would be well if we could pass a law prohibiting the analysis of eatables and of potables. More people would perhaps die, but not nearly so many would have the comfort of their lives destroyed by fear. The latest scientific information comes from Cincinnati, where physicians have been investigating soda water, and have found deposits of copper and lead from the fountains. One or two people might die from drinking such decoctions, but hundreds are made wretched, by this knowledge, who might otherwise have been comparatively happy. It is, after all, perhaps merely a retort from the venders of fusel oil, whose customers were recently frightened from them in great numbers.

NATURE AND ART IN EUROPE.

Zermatt—The Weather—The Horses—Joseph—The Ascent—The Matterhorn—Familiar Flowers—The Rifle Inn—Disappointment and Mist—Excelsior—The Fall—The Peak—Down Again in a Storm—Once More Excelsior and the Reward.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ZERMATT, SWITZERLAND, July 8, '69.

Switzerland has been so often written about that there is little left for the traveler of to-day to describe. Every one has read of Mt. Blanc, the Rigi, &c., but Zermatt is less known, being somewhat off the main route of travel.

The great excursion from Zermatt is the ascent of the Gorrer Grat, a high peak commanding a wonderful panorama of snow-covered summits and glaciers.

After several days of rain and clouds, Saturday morning dawned bright and clear. The weather is a matter of more than ordinary importance in Switzerland, for, of course, all excursions are failures unless one can get a view. Early Saturday morning our horses were brought to the door, queer little creatures, with round stout bodies and small, delicate heads, the large eyes and sensitive ears promising both spirit and endurance. One horse was led by a rough looking boy in a blue cotton frock, while our guide "Joseph" brought up the rear. Joseph is a stout young fellow of twenty-five years of age, with such a pair of shoulders and such a deep chest that at the end of a two hours' climb, breasting a very steep ascent, he had wind enough to break into singing and whistling as he climbed the last.

We wound along in single file through the dirty little village, then through rich green meadows, across a slight bridge spanning a roaring glacier torrent, and the ascent began. Zermatt itself is almost 5,000 feet high; the Riffel Inn, our first stopping-place, 3,000 feet higher, and the Gorner Grat 9,600 feet in all. Up, up we wound in a zig-zag path, past immense boulders, soft green meadows, starred with flowers like hanging gardens clinging to the steep mountain sides. The views were magnificent—off to the right rose the steep, sharp cone of the Matterhorn, 14,000 feet high. So steep are its stern, brown rocks, that the snow can hardly cling to it, and slipping down, forms immense snow-fields at its feet. As we looked a soft, white cloud folded itself about its lofty head, exquisitely thin and delicate, while its base was encircled by two mighty glaciers, sounding like frozen rivers, and extending far into the green valley below. Still our stout little horses struggled up, up, over stones, roots of trees and through rushing streams, until all vegetation was left behind, except the short hardy grass and the lovely flowers that live and flourish on the very borders of the eternal snows. Those flowers lent a wonderful charm to the wild scenery about us—blue gentians and purple violets grew in such profusion that the hillside was actually colored by them, while our own butter-cup and white daisy, small to be sure, but still easily recognized, grew on every side. Often the bright yellow face of a butter-cup gleamed through a thin snow-wreath, while again you saw where a brave little flower had thrust itself quite through the snow, blooming hardily, with its roots in snow and ice.

After two hours hard climbing we reached the Riffel Inn. Alas! that delicate veil of mist that had so beautified the stern face of the Matterhorn, had so thickened and increased, and drawn to itself so many companions, that our bright sky was quite overclouded. The guides at the Inn, too, prophesied a storm, and told dismal stories of the depth of the snow, quite impassible for ladies, but we were not willing to lose the fruit of so much toil, already gone through, and our guide was quite willing to brave the struggle if we were. So after a little rest we kept on, on horseback, for some distance further. Oh that ride! severely did it tax one's power of holding on; the snow was some two or three feet deep, and soft; most bravely our horses struggled on, breaking through at almost every step. I could feel the muscles, working like some great machine, plunge, roll and struggle! finally my horse breaking through the thin snow-crust into an uncommonly deep hole, fell so suddenly on his side as to jerk his leader down on to his knees. There was a frantic kicking and struggling, a most bewildering mingling of boy, horse and flying snow, and the brave creature regained his legs and stood trembling, none of us the worse for our fall, I, by some miracle, having kept my seat. Soon after that we sent our horses back to the inn and kept on, on foot, far more comfortably, for the crust was hard enough to bear us. After an hour we gained the lower peak of the Gorner Grat and sat down to rest and look. All about us were vast snow fields dazzlingly white, below us wound the great Gorner Glacier fed by countless smaller ones on every hand, the pale, faint tint of the green ice showing here and there. All the higher peaks were hidden by low, hanging gray clouds.

Soon another party arrived, an English lady and two gentlemen, and while we ladies were content with what we had achieved, the gentlemen were unwilling to return without reaching the very top. Off they started across the deep, unbroken snow, too deep for ladies, while we, wrapped in shawls, awaited their return. We watched their small, black figures winding single file over the snow fields, and up the steep ascent. How small and weak they looked in the midst of that wild grandeur! Soon we lost sight of them and the snow began to fall thick and fast. The utter stillness, the white desolation around us, the complete solitude! It was, indeed, most impressive!

The gentleman returned, having ascended to the very top, but quite unable to see anything for the thick falling snow, and we began our descent, reaching the Riffel Inn in a driving snow storm. All the valley below was filled with mist and cloud. It seemed like plunging off into space as we descended. As we drew near the valley the snow changed to rain, making the steep bridal path far too slippery to ride, so we plodded on one foot, wet and muddy but in high spirits, feeling our excursion all the more a success that we seen the storm in its own wild haunts.

We made the ascent again a few days later, rising very early that we might be sure of a view. The valley below us was full of floating clouds, while high above them the sharp peaks stood out wonderfully clear and pure, and we saw the whole wonderful panorama—Monte Rosa, the Weisshorn, the Mischatel peaks and many others, white and shining, the great, glorious Matterhorn, king of them all, the countless glaciers, the dim, far valley of Zermatt—all the world seemed lying at our feet; and as we looked and looked as if our eyes could never look enough, the soft summer clouds rose and circled about the mountain sides and settled on the great peaks.

FRANCISCA.

Another Burning Star.

Father Secchi has added a discovery to the many he has already made in the ever widening world of stars. He has discovered a celestial conflagration. He has turned that most wonderful and simple of all instruments, the spectroscope, to the variable star R in Gemini, and he has found it all ablaze.

We well remember the thrilling sensation which was caused by the sudden outburst of a star in Corona in 1866, which shone with the lustre of a star of the fourth magnitude, and gradually disappeared in the formless void, though still remaining as an object of telescopic researeh.

The variable star in Gemini, to which we now refer, attained its maximum brightness in February lost, and has been subjected to a careful spectroscopic examination by Father Secchi, one of the unwearied investigators of celestial phenomena. He found its spectrum closely analogous to that of the star in Corona. It shows a brilliant hydrogen ray, and, as near as terrestrial observation can determine, presents the awe-inspiring spectacle of a world on fire.

It has taken many years for the light of that burning star to reach our mortal vision; perhaps even now yonder sparkling sun flaming up among the stars has passed into a new form of material existence, and its dependent worlds have been dissolved in vapor. Many years must pass before, even on the swift wings of light, the tidings will be borne to us; for many years still shining among its peers will the star be seen by mortal eyes even when the fiat of Almighty power has blotted it out forever.

R in Gemini is not the only fire whose mighty blaze we have to watch. The physicists have been busy with the two comets of 1868, called Brorson's and Winnecke's, and found them to be masses of burning carbon of extreme tenuity. Winnecke's comet still faintly burns in the northwestern evening sky. Now, too, we can account for the great star of 1572, which suddenly shone forth in Cassiopeia with a brightness which made it visible at noon-day; now we comprehend the lesser light of Corona, and watch with intensified interest the fire which every night is revealed to our observation.—*Providence Bulletin.*

Salem Witchcraft.

The Commissioners of Essex county, Mass., where Salem is situated, have had the early Court papers arranged in chronological order, repaired, and bound in substantial covers. This work was done under the direction of Mr. Wm. P. Upham, who was for a long time engaged in investigating for the facts to be used in compiling the history of the witchcraft delusion. By this wise policy, the historian has access to a series fifty-three folio volumes, containing all the papers of the old country courts, from 1636 to 1692, besides two volumes of the files of the Special Court of Oyer and Terminer, established for trying persons accused of witchcraft in 1695, and still another volume, containing all papers extant, relating to the courts of the ancient county of Norfolk, Mass., which embraced all towns north of the Merrimack river.

It has been suggested that other counties of Massachusetts should pursue the same wise course as the Commissioners of Essex, and arrange their early records for preservation and for reference. The same advice could be followed to advantage in Pennsylvania, where in many counties the old records are fast decaying from the neglect of their legal guardians.

Magnetic Variation.

The magnetic compass, on the north shore of Lake Superior and particularly in surveying around Duluth, is a very zig-zag kind of guide. The Assistant Surveyor in charge of the transit on our Town Site Survey during the past week experienced some of its wildest eccentricities of variation. In running and cutting out a transit line between sections on the mountain side, at a certain spot he noticed in a distance of fifty feet a change from 11° east to 17° east; then in a hundred feet further, back to 12° east; while five hundred feet further on from 12° 30' east it whirled around to 30° west (!) and kept at that for three hundred feet and then got back again to 11° east. The Surveyor picked up a piece of rock of the granite species, which seemed to prevail in the locality, and applied it near his compass, when the needle followed it around the same as it would a true loadstone. The General Government may well require the use of the solar compass in surveying land in this region. The needle is but a blind guide.

Will of the Late John A. Roebling.

The late John A. Roebling left property worth about $1,500,000. His will has been opened and the following is understood to be the disposition made of the property in the will:

To each of his children, $100,000.

To Mrs Roebling, $100,000.

To the Widows' Home, in Front street, $15,000.

To the Children's Home, in Warren street, $15,000,

To Charles W. Swan, $30,000.

Mr Swan had been foreman and general business manager for Mr. Roebling for many years. A request to the sons of Mr. Roebling, to take Mr. Swan in partnership is said to have been inserted in the will.

THE ODOR OF MUSK is wonderfully enduring. When Justinian, in 538, rebuilt what is now the Mosque of St. Sophia, the mortar was charged with musk, and to this very day the atmosphere is filled with the odor. More than thirteen hundred years! And yet the fragrance of noble deeds lasts longer still. The words Ruth said on that distant day—"Where thou goest, I will go" will be remembered when the perfumed mortar of St. Sophia is scentless sand."

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS. &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
J. G. STEPHENSON. W. T. SHANNON. C. ARBUTHNOT.

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.
Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in
Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
SELLING AT HALF PRICE.
COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
All at Very Low Prices.
COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINEN,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES, BUTTONS, EMBROIDERIES.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 137 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh7 n3

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

HORNE & CO.
OFFER THE BALANCE OF THEIR
SUMMER STOCK
AT
Greatly Reduced Prices.
TO MAKE
ROOM FOR FALL PURCHASES.

Merino Shirts, 50 cents and up.
Jean Drawers, 75 cents and up.
Gents' Linen Collars, Slightly Soiled, half price.
Neck Ties and Bows at much less than cost.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Ladies' Hemmed Handkerchiefs, 10 cents.
Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs, 8 cents and up.
Shear Linen Lawn Handkerchiefs, 50 cents—an Extra Bargain.
Gents' German Linen Handkerchiefs, 25 cents and up,

WHITE GOODS.

Piques, Swisses, Jaconets,
Nainsooks, Barred and Plain,
AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

HOSIERY.

Plain and Ribbed Cotton.
Lisle, Silk and Balbriggan Hosiery.
Gents' Merino, Super Stout and Fine Cotton Half Hose.
AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

KID GLOVES.

A large assortment of ALEXANDRE, and other leading makes in the most
DESIRABLE SHADES.

Wide Ruffled Linen Collars and Cuffs.
Colored Trimmed Linen Sets.
Handsome Sash Ribbons, plain and fancy.
Bow and Narrow Ribbons.
Ladies' Neck Ties and Scarfs, much less than cost.
Corsets, of best French make, greatly reduced.
Hoop Skirts, a new lot just received, including extra waists and lengths.
A good assortment of Traveling Satchels.
Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas.
Pongee Silk Parasols.
Silk and Linen Fans.
Dress Trimmings and Fringes.
Buttons, Ornaments, &c.,
OFFERED VERY CHEAP.

An Immense Reduction
IN
MILLINERY GOODS,
HATS, BONNETS, &c.,
At Half the Former Rates.
WILL RECEIVE ON
MONDAY, August 2d,
A SPLENDID LINE OF
HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT.

Our Stock in this department will be found complete in
DOMESTIC AND STAPLE GOODS.
Suspenders
Hosiery,
Handkerchiefs,
Merino Underwear,
Braids, Combs,
Buttons,
Spool Cotton,
Paper Collars
and Cuffs,
Soaps, Perfumeries,
AND EVERYTHING IN NOTIONS, AT THE
Lowest Market Rates.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
au3

CARPETS.

JULY, 1869.
SPECIAL SALE OF
CARPETS.
We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns
English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.
Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
jy9:d&T (Second Floor).

CARPETS,
Floor Oil Cloths,
MATTINGS,
Window Shades,
AT LOW PRICES.
We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy14:d&T

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS, BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future evens, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, WEDNESDAY, August, 4 1869.

CATTLE.

The daily sales from last Wednesday, at noon up until noon to-day, were as follows:

Wednesday,	July	28	269
Thursday,	"	29	618
Friday,	"	30	486
Saturday,	"	31	—
Monday,	August	2	127
Tuesday,	"	3	96
Wednesday,	"	4	257
Total			1,853

The market since the date of our last report has been very dull, the sales in the aggregate having been comparatively light, and compared with last week, prices are from a quarter to a half cent lower. The great proportion of the cattle offering thus far this week, have been of the lower grades, the supply of prime shipping steers being unusually light, and there are but very few buyers here for the former grade of stock. While it is true, that all kinds of stock are lower, yet it is also true that the better grades of stock are bringing relatively better prices than common and inferior. Last week, prime shipping steers sold at 7¾@8, with some extra at a fraction more; this week, this same class of stock cannot be quoted above 7¼@7½, and some of the Philadelphia buyers averred that if they could not buy good fat cattle at about seven cents, that they would buy none at all. We are cognizant of a New York buyer, however, who paid 7½, and this, we presume, may be regarded as the top of the market. For the commoner grades, however, there seemed to be no demand, and with the pens almost full of this kind of trash, it is difficult to conjecture what the owners will do, unless they ship further east, and we are informed, that the Eastern markets are fully as hard for this kind of stock as Pittsburgh.

WEDNESDAY, July 28.—Smith & Blue to Graff 38, weighing 35,070, at 5,75; Berry to Evans 18, weighing 20,000, at 6,40; Martin to Rowe 21, weighing 21,750, at 6,00; Windfall to H. Miller 13, weighing 79,829, at 7,65; Hollar to H. Miller 15, weighing 19,020, at 8,20; McLauahan to Knox 23, weighing 17,360, at 5,00.

THURSDAY, July 29.—Hedges & Taylor to Huntzberger 31, weighing 41,010, at 7,50; same to same 1, weighing 1,620, at 6,00; same to same 16, weighing 21,220, at 8,00; same to same 20, weighing 18,050, at 5,75; same to R. Maynes 15, weighing 14,050, at 5,00; Ward to Thos. Lamb 45, weighing 63,050, at 7,87; Brown to Singmaster 20, weighing 19,650, at 7,10; Brown to Rowe 51, weighing 56,390, at 7,00; Kaufman to Klemans 30, weighing 37,020, at 7,25; Stewart to Buch 18, weighing 18,600, at 5,75; Halmes, Lafferty & Co. to Buch 34, weighing 35,140, at 6,25; Holmes, L. Co. to Maynes 13, weighing 9,580, at 4,50; Shamberg to Yohn & Co. 18, weighing 20,370, at 7,00; Hollar to Kelley 16, weighing 19,340, at 7,37; Thompson to Lamb 14, weighing 15,680, at 7,00; Hedges & Taylor to Maynes 15, weighing 14,050, at 5,00; Dawson to Duffy 56, weighing 62,420, at 7,25; Orr & W. to Aull 48, weighing 36,890, at 6,00; Orr & W. to Hickman 21, weighing 17,370, at 5,25; Hazelwood & B. to Kenady 18, weighing 19,550, at 6,90.

FRIDAY, July, 30.—Holmes, L. & Co. to Kelly 108, weighing 117,260, at 6,00; Holmes, L. & Co. to Woodland 18, weighing 19,220, at 6,50; same to B. W. Gellett 32, weighing 38,050, at 7,12; same to same 49, weighing 57,320, at 7,12; same to Voetter & B. 60, weighing 62,630, at 6,62; same to same 60, weighing 62,340, at 6,87; Jno. Toner to Martin 24, weighing 26,120, at 6,75; E. Toner to same 30, weighing 31,410, at 6,75; Holmes, L. & Co. to Voetter & A. 20, weighing 21,940, at 6,75; same to same 105, weighing 92,680, at 5,75.

MONDAY, August 2.—Allen to Beals 56, weighing 59,900, at 6,50; Holmes, L. & Co. to Briggs 34, weighing 37,810, at 6,00; same to same 37, weighing 38,600, at 6,00;

FRIDAY, August 2.—Allen to Beals 56, weighing 59,900, at 6,50; Holmes, L. & Co. to Briggs 34, weighing 37,810; Holmes, L. & Co. to Briggs 37, weighing 38,600.

TUESDAY, August 3.—Sloan to Beach & B. 16, wheighing 20,700, at 7,37; Robins to Delone 16, weighing 18,120, at 6,50; Robins to Delone 1, wgt. 1,240, at 5; Hoghlaunder to Delone 18, weighing 19,100, at 6; Hazelwood & B. to Maines 22 (bulls) weighing 17,850, at 3,90; Corbit to Briggs 16, weighing 18,330, at 7,25; Holmes, L. & Co. to Briggs 7, weighing 6,580, at 5,50;

WEDNESDAY, August 4.—Corbit to Graff 15, weighing 15,400, at 6,62; Harper & B. to Briggs 64, weighing 84,100, at 7,50; Davis to Ulher 18, weighing 18,800, at 6,25; J. C. Davis to Maynes 19, weighing 18,780, at 5; Smith & B. to Miller 21, weighing 20,220, at 6,00; Moore to Fritz 19, weighing 20,110, at 6; Herges & T. to Briggs 15, weighing 21,270, at 6,50; Holmes, L. & Co. to Graff 3, weighing 3,180, at 5,80; Holmes, L. & Co. to Kelley 1, weighing 1,200, at 5.75; Holmes, L. & Co· Ulher 1, weighing 1,130, at 5,80.

HOGS.

The Hog market, also, has been a little slow thus far this week, and compared with last week, prices are from 20 to 25 cts. per cwt. lower. We now quote Philadelphia Hogs at 10¼@10½; Yorkers at 9¼@9¼, and Baltimore, at 9¼@10. The arrivals are not unusually large, but the demand is less active, and shippers will not, at present, buy above our quotations. The daily sales were as follows:

Wednesday,	July	28	1,252
Thursday	"	29	391
Friday	"	30	746
Saturday	"	31	1,098
Monday,	August	2	2,075
Tuesday	"	3	1,120
Total			5,682

SHEEP.

The sheep market, also, has been very dull this week, particularly for the commoner grades, which constituted the great proprotion of the supply, and compared with last week, prices are lower. Prime to extra may be quoted at 5@5¼; fair to good 3½@4½, and scalawags 2½@3. Pidcock, Erisman & Co., report having bought some 6,000 head during the week, at prices ranging from 3½ to 5½. The daily sales were as follows:

Wednesday,	July	28	5,468
Thursday,	"	29	2,990
Friday,	"	30	1,336
Saturday,	"	31	110
Monday,	August	2	599
Tuesday,	"	3	2,311
Total			12,804

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Aug 4.—Cotton firm; sales 1,500 bales at 33¾c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 3,072 bbls and without decided change; sales 7,400 bbls at $5,90@6,40 for superfine; state western $6,75@7,35; for extra state $6,70@7,40; for extra western $7,45@7,70; for white wheat extra $6,95@7,65; for R. H. O. $7@8; for extra St. Louis $8@10,50; for good choice do $8,25@8,95. Rye flour quiet. Corn meal quiet; sales 500 bbls at $5,25 for western. Whisky in fair request; sales 260 bbls western at $1,10 for free, and $1,10½@1,11. Wheat—receipts 4,043 bu, 1c better and in moderate export demand; transactions are restricted by the firmness of freights and scarcity of good sound parcels; sales 127,000 bushels at $1,56@1,57 for No. 2 spring; not strictly prime; $1,52 for soft do.; $1,63 for No. 1 spring; $1,55 for inferior winter red western; $1,65 for prime do.; $1,69 for new amber Maryland; $1,60 for do. to arrive, and $1,70@1,75 for new amber Tennessee. Rye quiet. Barley and Barley Malt nominal. Corn; receipts 17,712 bush; prices 2@3c better; sales of 64,000 bush, at 82c@$1,04 for unsound new mixed western, $$1,05@1,10 for sound do., and $1,12 for white western. Oats; receipts 4,304 bush; prices 2@3c lower; sales of 46,000 bush, at 79@80c for western, closing at the inside price, and 70@75c for Jersey new; also, sales of 25,000 bush western at 75c, seller all this and next month. Rice firm. Coffee firm; sales of 2,000 bags Rio on private terms. Sugar firm; sales of 900 hhds, at 11@12c for Cuba and 11¾@12¾c for Porto Rico. Molasses dull. Petroleum firm at 17¼c for crude and 31¾@32c for refined. Leather; Hemlock sole 30@32c for Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light and middle weights. Coal unchanged. Wool firm; sales 400,000 pounds at 47½@53½c for domestic fleece, 34@35c for unwashed, and 44@47½c for pulled. Hops quiet. Linseed Oil steady at $1 in casks. Spirits Turpentine quiet and unchanged. Sheathing Copper steady at 32c; Ingot dull at 21¾@22c for Lake Superior. Pig Iron firm with a little better inquiry at 38@42c for Scotch and American. Bar dull, at $85@90 for refined English and American. Sheet quiet at 10¾@11¾c, gold for Russia. Nails dull at $4,70@7,05 for cut, @6,20@6,25 for clinch, and 26@30c for horse shoe. Pork heavy and a shade lower, with sales 600 bbls at $33,50@33,25 for new mess, $32,75 for old do., $27,50@28,50 for prime, and $20@20,50 for prime mess. Beef steady, with sales 175 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess, and $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef nominal. Beef Hams quiet, with sales 130 bbls at 26@30c, Cut Meats steady, with sales 130 packages at 14¾@15c for shoulders, and 17@19c for hams. Middles quiet, with sales 100 boxes ice cured at private terms. Lard firm and quiet, with sales 350 tierces at 17¼@19¾c for steam, and 19¾@20c for kettle rendered; also, 500 tierces steam, seller for August, at 19¾c; also, 250 tierces do., seller for August, at private terms. Butter quiet at 16@31c for Ohio, and 16@37c for State. Cheese firm at 11@16c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and very firm, with shipments 7,500 bush wheat at 7¼d. per sail, and per steamer 8¾d. is offered and 9d. asked.

Latest—Flour closed dull and slightly in buyers favor. Wheat is quiet and steady, with a moderate export demand. Rye nominal. Oats dull and heavy at 79c for western afloat. Corn steady at 80c @$1,00 for unsound, and $1,05@1,10 for sound mixed western. Pork dull at $31,50 for mess. Beef quiet and without any decided change. Cut meats quiet and steady. Lard quiet at 19¾@19¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet at 21@24c.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 4.—The market is generally steady and firm, but corn and oats are lower and declining. The following new classification of wheat has been adopted by the Merchants Exchange, and went into effect yesterday. All quotations made according to this classification are to be known as of bulk fall wheat in elevator. Other quotations will be specified as wheat in sacks: choice white to be bright sound dry plump and well cleaned; pure white winter wheat to weigh at least 62 lbs per measured bushel; No. 1 white to be sound, dry and well cleaned; pure white winter wheat to weigh at least 60 pounds per measured bushel; No. 2 white, to be sound dry white winter wheat; reasonably cleaned and to weigh not less than 59 pounds per measured bushel; No. 1 red to be sound, well cleand, dry red or red and white mixed winter wheat, free from rye, to weigh at least 60 pounds per measured bushel: No. 2 red to include all sound, dry, reasonably cleaned red or red and white mixed winter wheat, below No. 2 red, and weighing not less than 50 pounds per measured bushel: No. 3 red to include dry red and white or mixed thin or bleached winter wheat, free from must and weighing not less than 57 pounds per measured bushel; choice red to be bright, sound, plump, dry and well cleaned red or red and white mixed winter wheat to weigh at least 62 pounds per measured bushel; rejected, all damp, tough, either very smutty, unsound wheat of any weight and all light, trashy or dirty thin wheat falling below No. 3 in weight. Tobacco steady and unchanged. Cotton nominally 32c. Hemp quiet and unchanged. Flour firmer and low grades in demand; superfine $4.75@5,25, extra $5,27@5,75, double extra $5,75@6,25, treble extra $6,50@7,00, fancy new $7,00@8,50, old $8,50@9,50. Wheat active and advanced 5c on all grades; no spring offering; No. 3 red sold at $1,15, No. 2. white $1,25, prime to low choice red in sacks $1,20@1,35, choice and fully choice $1,40@1,45, choice and fancy white $1,50@1,60. Corn dull and 3@5c lower; mixed in bulk 70c, common yellow 72c; common white, 75c; mixed in sacks, 83c; yellow, 83@85; prime to fancy white, 85@90c. Oats dull and lower; new in bulk, 41½@43c; do. in sacks, 49@53c for mixed, and 54@56c for white old. Oats ranged 58@65c. Rye dull and lower at 80@85c. Whisky declined to $1,05@1,07 Groceries quiet and unchanged at 21½@23c for fair to good Rio coffee; 24@25c for prime to choice; 12½@14¾c for Louisiana sugar, and 70 and 80c for plantation molasses Pork quiet and firm, with sales on orders at $34,50. Dry Salt Meats; loose shoulders 14c; do. hams 15¼c; packed clear sides 17¾@18c. Bacon quiet but firm, with no anxiety to sell round lots; order sales of shoulders were made at 15¼c, clear rib sides at 18¾c, and clear sides at 19c. Sugar Cured Hams 24@25c. Lard quiet and but little doing at 18½@19c. Receipts—Flour, 2,200 bush: wheat, 27,500 bush; corn, 12,500 bush; oats, 14,700 bush: rye, 300 bush.

CHICAGO, August 4.—Money easy at 10 per cent. Exchange, par to 1-10 per cent. premium. Freights firm and steady, but not active; engagements were made at 4½c, for wheat, 4c. for corn and 3½c. for oats to Buffalo. Flour quiet but firm at previous figures; sales spring extras at $5,50@7,10; do. superfine, $4,25@5,25; white winter extra, $5,50. Wheat firm; sales No. 1 at $1,40@1,41: No. 2, $1,37@1,37½, closing steady at $1,37 buying, and $1,37½ selling, in option; sales were light at $1,37, seller first half August; $1,34@1,35, seller August; during the afternoon sales No. 2 at $1,34¼@1,34½, seller August. Corn quiet at an advance of 1@2c.; sales as 87@88¼c for No. 2. and 78@79c. for no grades, in store; in the afternoon there were sales at 88½@89c. seller last half August; 90@91c. buyer August; 87@88c. seller August: after 'change sales were made at 89@89½c. seller last half August. Oats in good speculative demand and prices 3c. higher, closing at 56@58c, in option; 48¾@51c. was paid, seller August; after 'change the market was quite firm, 50½c being bid and 51c. asked, seller August. Rye in better demand at a decline of 3c on No. 2; closing with buyers at 93c. Barley firm and a shade more active; No. 2 in store nominally $1,30; seller for first half of September sold at $1,25. Highwines less active at $1,04, wood, and $1,04½, iron. Provisions firm and transactions light, with sales 56 tierces Sweet Pickled Hams at 17½c: 100 tierces steamed Lard at 18¾c, and 40,000 pounds Dry Salted Shoulders at 13¾c, loose. Receipts—3,719 bbls flour, 41,050 bush wheat, 89,521 bush corn, 34,842 bush oats, 1,450 bush rye, 440 bush barley, 12,206 hogs. Shipments—6,016 bbls flour, 22,980 bush wheat, 40,290 bush corn, 4,595 bush oats, 2,748 hogs.

CINCINNATI, August 4.—Flour steady and in fair demand. Wheat in good demand at full rates; red, $1,20@1,25; white, $1,40@1,50. Corn firm at 90c. Oats 45 to 50c for new, and no old offering. Rye dull at 90@93c. Barley nominally unchanged. Tobacco unchanged. The great annual fair is now being held and there is a large crowd in attendance. 614 hogsheads and 8 boxes are entered, which are now being sold. Whisky dull at $1,08, and one sale was made at $1,07. Provisions firm but quiet. Mess pork, $33,50. Bulk meats, 14c for shoulders and 16½c for sides. Bacon, 15½, 18¼ and 19c for shoulders, clear rib and clear sides. Sugar cured hams, 24c. Lard, 19½c. Nothing done in any article worthy of note, and the rates given are those asked. Butter unchanged, fresh scarce and firm at 25 to 30c. Eggs 14c and firm. Linseed oil dull at 98c. Lard oil $1,35@1,38. Petroleum steady at 28@30c for refined. Gold 135¾ buying. Exchange dull at par buying.

CLEVELAND, August 4.—Flour; city made $9 for treble extra white, $7,75@8 for double extra amber, $6,75@7 for double extra red winter, $6 for extra red winter, and $6,75 for double extra spring; country made $7,50@8.25 for double extra white, $6,25@7,25 for double extra red and amber, and $6,50@7 for double extra spring. Wheat; sales old No. 1 red at $1,47; sales 1,700 bush No. 2 white at $1,46; also 11,000 bush No. 1 red winter seller August at $1,42; also 23 cars No. 1 red on spot at $1,45, and 2 cars No. 2 do at $1,38. Corn; sales 1 car No. 1 at 91c; also 1 car do at 92c, and 1,000 bush No. 2 before 'change at 90c. Oats nominal at 65c. Rye held at $1,10@1,15. Petroleum; refined held at 28½@29c for August; crude dull at $6,50.

BALTIMORE, August 4.—Flour dull and scarce; sales of western superfine at $5,75@6,25, extra at $7,25, family at $7,75@8,50. Wheat firm for good to prime at $1,55@1,65; low grades are neglected. Corn dull; sales of white at $1,02@1,05, yellow at $1,08@1,10. Oats firm at 62@65c. Rye; sales of new at $1,20. Mess Pork firm at $34. Bacon active and advancing; rib sides at 19c, clear rib at 19½c, shoulders at 16¾c, hams at 23@24c. Lard firm at 19½@20c. Whisky is very quiet at $1,16.

LOUISVILLE, August 4.—Flour; A No. 1 $6,50@6,75. Bacon; shoulders 16c, clear sides 19¼, clear rib 19c. Bulk Meats; clear rib sides 18c, fancy hams 22½@23½c. Lard 19¼@19¾c. Mess Pork $33,50, Pork $33,75. Bagging; light to heavy 16@23c. Whisky, two years old copper, $2,75. Tobacco firm; sales of 105 hhds at $6,20@19,00. Grain steady. Wheat; red $1.10, white $1,20. Corn in bulk 85c. Oats 55c. Rye 85c. Barley $1,15.

DETROIT, August 4.—Flour; low grades are firm at $5@5,50, choice to fancy white active at $8@9; new flour is beginning to arrive, and the old stocks are very light. Wheat nominal; sales of extra white at $1,80, No. 1 do. at $1,70, No. 2 do. at $1,45, No. 1 amber at $1,45. Corn; No. 1 yellow dull at 98c. Oats; sales of No. 1 State old at 65c. Feed is scarce and in good demand at $16 for bran, $22 for coarse and $26 for fine middlings.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4.—Flour dull and weak; spring wheat extra family $6,25@7,50; Ohio $7@7,50. Wheat dull; old red $1,50@1,53; new $1,55@1,60. Rye dull at $1,20@1,25. Corn unsettled, with yellow at $1,10@1,11. Oats drooping, with western at 74@75c. Provisions unchanged. Petroleum quiet, with crude at 22c, and refined at 31¼c. Whisky scarce at $1,25.

MILWAUKEE, August 4.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet. at $1,42 for No. 1; $1,37½ for No. 2. Oats dull, and nominally at 64c. No 2. Corn nominal. Rye and Barley nominally unchanged. Grain freights nominally unchanged. Receipts: 2,000 bbls flour; 29,000 bush wheat; 2,000 bush oats. Shipments: 5,000 bbls flour, 6,000 bush wheat.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 4.—Cotton quiet, firm and unchanged; receipts of 27 and exports of 94 bales. Flour firm but unchanged. Wheat $1@1,20. Corn 97½@$1. Oats at 65c for new, and 75c for old. Hay $28. Bran 18@19c. Pork $35@35,50. Lard 20@22c. Bacon firm; shoulders 15¾c; sides 19¾c.

CHICAGO, August 4.—Cattle quiet and steady at $4@4,75 for common to good cows, $5,62½@6,25 for fair to medium, and $6,37½@7 for good shipping steers. Hogs active at $8,25@8,50 for common, $8,60@8,80 for fair to medium, and $8,90@9,25 for good to choice.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, August 4.—The market for cotton fabrics remains quiet yet firm. Fancy woolens, adapted for men's wear, are also quiet, but heavy woolens and repellants are in good request. Woolen shawls are in more animated demand, as are Germantown goods, and hosiery of the low grades, hoods, scarfs, nublas, &c. There has been a great decline in western freights from here and Boston, and this has already a wonderful effect on trade.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, August 4.—1 car iron ore, Shoenberger & B; 10 cars metal, Nimick, & Co; 2 do do, Loomis & Collard; 1 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 1 do do, Union Mills; 1 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 3 do do, Hailman & Hammett; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 1 car miodlings, H Schnelbach; 2 bbls alcohol, J Adler & Co; 2 do spirits, G A Kelley; 10 tcs lard, J H Parker; 1 car wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 100 bbls flour, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 100 sks, 75 bbls do, Culp & Shepard; 101 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 2 cars machinery, R H Lecky; 1 car stone, J C Miller; 30 bxs cheese, 3 bbls eggs, Woodworth & Davison; 3 bxs mdse, Harris & Ewing; 3 do do, J Henderson & Bro; 2 do do, McClure & McKenna; 1 do do, J K Smith; 3 bbls vinegar, G A Martin; 5 do do, H Rea Jr; 2 bxs tobacco, C C Bauer; 50 bxs cheese, owner; 20 do do, Knox & Orr; 3 bbls eggs, E Heazleton; 1 car oats, Bricker & Co; 1 car cooperage, M P Adams & Bro.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 4.—5 cars gray warm ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 3 do limestone ore, Brady's Bend Iron Co; 3 do champ ore, Brown & Co; 2 do shingles, W W Rigdon & Co; 3 cars lumber, R A Clark & Co; 1 do do, J McMasters; 1 do do, G A Mundorf; 9 grind stones, F Alder; 40 bbls sand, J King & Co; 40 do do, Adams & Co; 10 do do, J M Keir & Co; 89 bxs boots, W E Schmertz; 41 bxs hard ware, Secomb & Co; 24 bxs oil, B L Fahnestock & Co; 8 bdls copper ore, Pitts & Boston Mfg Co; 50 bbls oil, J Spear & Co; 6 do potatoes, McHenry & Hood; 6 bxs farina, 10 kgs pearl barley, Ed Heazleton; 3 bbls pearl barley, Strickler & M; 10 kgs, 2 bbls pearl barley, Arbuckles & Co; 5 do do, Rinehart & S; 15 bxs cheese, Day & Co; 30 bbls apples, 22 do potatoes. H Rea Jr.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RR., Aug. 4.—10 bdls leather, G N Hoffstott; 100 bbls tar, A W Bell & Co; 26 bgs rye, W J Meek; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds: 19 bgs oats, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 3 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mabood & Co; 16 bales yarn, McCrum, Glyde & Co; 50 bbls tar, Lockhart, Frew & Co; 1 car metal, Rees, Graff & Dull; 25 sks oats, 10 do wheat, Adams & Austin; 9 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 38 do oats, Keil & Ritchart; 30 do do, 5 do rye, 13 do wheat, 27 do corn, Scott & Gisal; 50 bbls oil, D Bly & Co; 160 do do, Livingston & Bro; 810 do do, Fisher & Bro; 480 do do, John Munhall; 83 do do, Pool & Bro.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 4.—3 crs iron ore, Superior Iron Co; 5 rolls leather Graham & Spangler; 1 car metal, Spang, Chalfant & Co; 25 sks rags, J B Jones; 1 car stone, J P & B H Knox; 2 do do, Forrester & Megraw; 300 sks oats, R Knox & Son; 1 car wheat, R T Kennedy Bro; 100 green hides, G Wettach & Son; 100 bbls flour, Hipply & Beckert; 200 sks corn, Rose & Ewing; 200 bgs millfeed, M Steel & Son.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, August 4.—10 kgs white load, Tucker & Morgan; 5 tubs butter, Rankin & Bro; 6 bbls eggs, W H Graff; 25 bbls highwine, Roedlebeim; 25 do do, Little & Mechling; 1 car ear corn, D B Herron; 5 tcs shoulders, E H Myers; 7 bbls liquor, F Shields; 7 do do, F Hassel; 24 cads tobacco, J Fullerton; 6 do do, Kable & Pirkins; 20 kgs do, Arbuckles; 10 tcs beef, Geo Mitchel; 15 do hams, J P Hanna.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly, with scant three and a half feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. Weather cloudy but pleasant with indications of rain. Mercury at 4 P. M. 87.

The Argosy from Cincinnati, Belle from Parkersburg, and New State from Wheeling, are the only arrivals we have to report. The New State departed as usual, and the Argosy, it was said, would get off again last night.

There is no improvement to note in business, nor is it likely that there will be for the next month or two. Freights for all points are very scarce, and even if there was plenty of water, boats would have considerable difficulty in picking up a trip.

—The Lorena was at Cairo on Monday, en route from Pittsburgh to St. Louis.

—The Glendale and Mollie Ebert, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, were at Louisville on Monday.

—The Mollie Hambleton has arrived at Texas, minus her chimneys, which she lost overboard in crossing the gulf.

—The Madison *Courier*, of Saturday, says: J. R. Stuart & Co. closed a contract, yesterday, with Capt. I. H Kouns for another Red river packet. She is to furnished with engines, boilers and all complete at this city.

—Captain W. W. Fenton has sold one-eight to Captain James Kennis-ton, who takes command for $1,500; also one-eight to Capt. O. P. Shinkle at the same figures, being at the rate of $12,000 for the entire boat.

—We take the following paragraph from the Memphis *Avalanche* of Sunday: The St. Louis *Republican* announces Mr. Harry L. Smith as river editor of the Memphis *Appeal*. This will be news to Captian English, who has filled this position for three years, and has no idea of retiring from the creek department.

—The officers of the Peter Balen, are out in the following card in the St. Louis *Republican*: In regard to the burning of the Balen we know nothing, having left on the 6th, on the steamer Andrew Ackley, for Sioux City. Her condition, when we left, was good, being in one of the best harbors on the upper river, and ten or twelve men to take care of her, with plenty of provisions for nine or ten months.

—The Cairo *Evening Bulletin*, of Wednesday evening, says: The Monitors at Mound City are rapidly undergoing repairs necessary to fit them for voyage to South America. The Tempest, the finest and one of the most formidable of the lot, is now ready. Whether they will go forward singly or in a fleet, we are not advised. The repairs are being made under the skillful superintendence of Chief Engineer Mortimer Kellog.

RIVER PACKETS.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
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A PERFECT CURE

For Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heart-burn, Jaundice, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Intestines.

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R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,

Boulevard Pavers,

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Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inside Yards, Drives, &c.
Warranted against changes of heat and cold.
REFERENCES—Max. Mo rhead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Bartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

WEBSTER STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the Viewers report on widening Webster street, City of Allegheny, has been filed in the District Court, at No. 581 July Term, 1869, for confirmation.
J. C. McCOMBS,
jy29:m79 Solicitor.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisberg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin, Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j 19-d43

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WHOLESALE GROCER,

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se :y16

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Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

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my13

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M. STEELE & SON,

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PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

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my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x39

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 114 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HOUSE..EDW. HOUSE....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

ja12:r52

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ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon. Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d78

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

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ap6:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

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ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.
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EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
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CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT,

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WALL PAPER.

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

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NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

191 Liberty Street,

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SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh8

DECORATIONS—In Wood, Marble and Fresco imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.
jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

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jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER & SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, August 2d, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the GRADING of Wylie street extension, from Crawford to Kirkpatrick street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, August 12th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
au2:m93 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for Grading and Paving ALMOND ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley R.R., is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, August 5th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
H. J. MOORE,
jy28:m61 City Engineer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITY AND COMFORT for the traveling community.

J. B. HARRIS

Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and

MODERATOR.

For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.

It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Also Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy15:z228

SLAT

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Ephemeris, European Correspondence, Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Markets, Imports, River News. Seventh page: Stewart's Home for Working People, a very Interesting Article, All Harmonious Democracy, Clippings.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 51⅞f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 88⅜.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 135¼@136¼.

TEMPERANCE WITHOUT JUDGMENT.

Mr. ISAIAH DICKEY was placed in nomination yesterday, for County Commissioner, by a Convention of citizens who declare themselves friends of temperance. The nominee is a gentleman of the highest repute, whose character and personal qualifications are always certain to command, upon proper occasion, the unhesitating confidence of a community in which he has been long known. His friends, therefore, have to regret only the more that his name should be thus made use of, for the nominal furtherance of a movement which can accomplish no real good, and which will be engineered, not for the promotion of temperance but for the injury of the Republican party in this county. No intelligent friend of this candidate has the slightest hope of his election. Quite as good temperance men as either he or any of his ostensible supporters, will adhere to the regularly nominated Republican ticket, because they see in its success the only hope for the defeat of a party which never yet gave, either directly or indirectly, any shadow of countenance to temperance opinions, or enacted, when in power, the first syllable of effective temperance legislation. No Democrat will vote for him, except it be for the avowed purpose, not of aiding the temperance cause, but of breaking down in some manner our Republican ascendancy. Every vote that he gets will be drawn from the Republican party, and the real Democratic hope is in the prospect of such a schism in our ranks, as may enable them to slip in a third candidate who, once in office, would do his Democratic level best to inaugurate a jubilee of whisky. That is the kind of entertainment to which our temperance friends now invite us. Do they expect the Democracy to vote for Mr. Dickey? Are the opposition pledged not to start a third candidate of their own, at the eleventh hour? Do they expect the Republicans of Allegheny to bolt the regular nomination? Will Mr. Dickey, if elected, be able to amend a law which they denounce as either "inefficient" or "productive of incalculable harm?" If elected, must he not administer the law as he finds it? Would not the Republican candidate be under the same necessity? And would not either of them, in office, be amenable to the Commonwealth and to the people for any misconduct or abuse?

Our temperance friends have simply mistaken their remedy. It is, according to their own showing, temperance legislators, and not a temperance Commissioner, that they want. Why don't they address themselves to the fountain-head? If the Commissioners have a latitude of discretion which is improperly exercised, Mr. Dickey, if elected, would be in a minority of the board and could accomplish none of the aims of his friends. If the Board illegally assumes a latitude which does not belong to them, there is another remedy for that; public opinion can reach them and the law will punish them. But it is simply absurd to suppose that Mr. DICKEY or Mr. BOSTWICK, or any other Commissioner, can do any more than to administer faithfully the law as he finds it. And when it comes to that, we prefer to support the regular nominee of our Republican friends.

If yesterday's Convention had taken the wiser course, and inaugurated a judicious agitation for the amendment of an "inefficient" or harmful law, it would have been a pleasure to us to pledge to them our hearty co-operation in their work. Since they have taken hold of this business by the wrong end, proposing either to amend or nullify existing laws in the Commissioners' room, we must decline any part with them. Let us wait and see what the Democracy will do for them!

A TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

We alluded yesterday to the remarkable declarations of the New York Democracy, in which our claims upon England, growing out of the depredations of Anglo-rebel privateers, like the Alabama and her consorts, upon American commerce, were held to be of less national importance than the protection of our Irish-American Fenians from such penalties as they incur in the violation of English laws. We now have the text of the resolution, which was adopted at a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Tammany Democracy, on Monday night, as follows:

Resolved, That this question of British rejection of the claims of Irish-American citizens presents an international question between this country and Britain superior to those arising out of the conflict between the two countries on the belligerent rights of the North and South, commonly called the Alabama claims.

There is no mistake as to the purport of this resolution. Its *animus* abundantly sustains the criticisms which we based upon the telegraphic report. Let us all be thankful for the frankness which thus tardily avows the sincere Democratic judgment upon the policy of England toward this Union during its four critical years of domestic war.

It is not in the Democratic breast to quarrel with an Anglo-rebel alliance which was aimed at a purely Democratic object—the destruction of a Republican Union. It was in effect a triple alliance for that end, comprehending our northern Democracy, the English aristocracy and the southern rebels. Each party to the league accomplished as much as lay in its way, and according to its proper ability and audacity. Our northern Copperheadism, which adopted Vallandigham as its representative type, which welcomed him with profuse hospitalities at Mauch Chunk, and which endorsed his treason with the approval of its Convention at Harrisburg, did all its leaders dared to do within our own loyal lines, to paralyze the efforts of a free people fighting to the death for the absolute freedom of the Republic. England and France manifested an equal hate for that Republic by the effective exhibition of their rebel sympathies in every conceivable mode short of an open participation in the hostilities. Of course, the rebels, as the third party to this league, were able to offer to us an armed opposition, which could not have survived a single twelve-month except with the moral and substantial support of the two other parties.

The war is ended, but our Democracy are not going back on their friends. Their cordial understanding remains unimpaired, with all that is left of the Southern rebellion. And their only complaint against England is because the latter has seen fit to imprison or hang a handful of American Democrats whose incautious sympathies for an Irish rebellion have drawn them within the reach of her power. Our Democracy feel no concern, whatever, for the hundreds of millions of dollars of American commerce either destroyed or banished from the seas by English connivance with rebel piracy. They sneer at the suggestion of any national reclamations for the many thousands of patriot lives which were sacrificed to counteract English sympathies for our traitors. One Fenian imprisoned or hung for his guilt, as a pirate against English law, is worth more to the Democratic valuation than all the American blood that was poured out on the decks of the Kearsarge, or on a hundred Southern battle fields. That is the Democratic doctrine for to-day, and it is entirely consistent with all the Democracy of the past nine years.

Of course, Mr. ASA PACKER and his friends in Pennsylvania adhere to this reading of the Democratic tests. When he hob-nobbed with Vallandigham, in 1862, at his elegant residence in Mauch Chunk, there can be no doubt that this excellent pair of Democrats felicitated each other upon the flattering prospect of a rebellion successful by the aid of British sympathies. It is not to be expected that either of them could now support, with any cordiality, the reclamations of the Republic for the damages in which those sympathies culminated. Mr. Packer is too good a Democrat not to endorse the doctrine of the Tammany resolution. He stands therefore, before the people of Pennsylvania, pledged against the enforcement of the Alabama claims—at least until all these Fenian matters are disposed of. And that is very nice ground for the Democratic candidate to stand upon; especially when we consider that the Fenian matter is only a Democratic dodge for the purpose of giving an easy go-by to the Alabama claims altogether!

MR. PACKER AND THE NEW YORK COMPANIES.

The individuals and corporations engaged in mining and transporting coal in the anthracite counties of this Commonwealth, are divisible into two classes—those belonging to New York, and those belonging to Pennsylvania. It may further be said that in fields occupied mainly by New York operators the railway and canal companies carry only their own coal, mined on their own lands or obtained by purchase, while in the fields held mostly by Pennsylvania operators the transportation companies are such exclusively, leaving the mining of coal and trafficing therein to private individuals and firms. There are exceptions to this statement, but on the whole it embodies a substantially accurate description of the case. Of course, the New York companies are in this State under the sanction of our own laws; for they could be here in no other way. Sanction was obtained by buying up old charters, which were lying dormant; to which legal objections cannot be raised, though the charters thus obtained, contain provisions which ought never to have been granted, and would now be deemed altogether inadmissible, as will be made to appear below. These provisions operate injuriously to the great body of our own citizens who are embarked in anthracite coal operations and to the Commonwealth itself, as a government.

In the first place, consider the evils inflicted upon our own citizens, letting Luzerne county furnish the facts upon which judgment may be based. Here are several powerful New York corporations, owning canals and railroads, with the rights to own coal lands, and to mine and traffic in coal. Organized under charters granted many years ago, before it was understood at how low charges freights could actually be moved by the means proposed, they are authorized to exact such rates per ton as serve to exclude all business but their own from their respective lines, and this they do, with inflexibility and certainty.

What follows? Why, this: that these foreign corporations are practically enabled to fix the price of coal in that county to suit themselves. As they will not carry it to market for individual operators except at ruinous charges, those operators must sell the product of their mines to the companies at such rates as they are pleased to pay, or quit the business. Fixing the rates at barely sufficient to discharge the cost of mining and to yield a small margin of profit to the individual owners, the companies take the coal and realize large gains beyond fair charges as common carriers. The result is inevitable; the companies abound in wealth, but the individual operators are kept comparatively poor. Many of them have been hopelessly bankrupted.

But this is not all. The power of these companies to carry no coal to market but their own, involves the power, perhaps not exclusively, but in a large degree, to fix the price of coal lands. Places there are, and must be, at which these corporations come into competition with each other as buyers of coal tracts, and this competition necessarily sends up prices, not simply at those points but generally throughout the country; so that the enhancement, taking a period of twenty years, has been very considerable; nevertheless, these lands are still held greatly below their intrinsic value, and must ever be, until either the existing companies shall be reduced, as was the original design, to the position of common carriers, or new companies shall be created which shall be such and nothing more.

The evils resulting to the Commonwealth are naturally suggested by what has already been said. These foreign corporations having in their own hands the merchandising of the coal they handle, make the lion's share of the profits. These profits accrue out of the State, and remain there. They do not come back into the pockets of our own people, but are divided among the stockholders of these corporations resident in other States. Whoever will compare the income returns made to federal assessors ever since the internal revenue system existed, in counties of Luzerne and Schuylkill respectively, cannot fail of being deeply impressed with the scope and importance of what we are here urging. The only large incomes returned in Luzerne have been in those parts of Luzerne where the New York companies are not, while in Schuylkill the large incomes have been altogether beyond precedent elsewhere in numbers and amounts.

It makes differences to the State whether the wealth realized from the coal dug out of its bowels is returned to it or distributed to people living outside its borders. Wealth thus derived, and brought back into the State, is liable to taxation here and so helps to defray the common burden. It is used in various ways to develop and beautify town and country. In the hands of liberal-minded men it is given to promote religious, moral and educational ends, which are of the highest value to the grandeur and dignity of the State, and of genuine utility to our people. We could point to significant instances, not a few, illustrating this statement. Nay, Mr. ASA PACKER, the Democratic candidate for Governor, by reason of his Pennsylvanian citizenship, has done more single-handed for these interests among us, with profits drawn from coal business, than all the New York companies put together; and he is by no means the most conspicuous example of his class.

Moreover, the New York companies have steadily avoided their fair proportion of the burdens of taxation. Even under the laws passed during the last few years to rectify this mischief, which these companies have strenuously resisted, and which the Supreme Court has strained a point, quite recently, to sustain, they are contributing much less than they ought to the replenishment of the State Treasury.

In order to a full comprehension of the case, another view must be elucidated. These New York companies have shorter lines between their mines and the city of New York than those held by the companies belonging strictly to Pennsylvania. Coal sent over the latter lines has to make a wide detour, and hence can be laid down on the dock or on ship-board at the North River only at a materially larger outlay than coal sent over the former lines. It would be absurd to attribute this geographical advantage as a fault to the New York companies; but the manner in which they have uniformly pressed this advantage is another matter, and must be taken into the account. Their policy for three years past has been to depress the price of coal so greatly as to break up the Pennsylvania operators; rates which would afford them some profit entailing a ruinous loss upon their competitors. If the upshot of this policy was to furnish coal at uniformly low rates, consumers abroad might well be satisfied, but, whatever professions in that regard may be put forward, the fact is not so, but far otherwise. A breaking up of the Pennsylvania operators for a single year would necessarily send coal up to high figures; and these excessive rates would indemnify the companies abundantly for three or four years of low prices. Whoever has had occasion to watch the coal trade closely through a series of years comprehends the accuracy and force of this delineation.

The anthracite coal interest of Pennsylvania is a very large one, and the general welfare of our people is closely identified with it; much more closely than will appear to superficial observation. This interest is brought prominently under consideration this year, not only by events which are transpiring in the counties which it occupies, but likewise by the nomination of Mr. ASA PACKER as the Democratic candidate for Governor. He has been long a resident of the anthracite region; has made an immense fortune in the appreciation of coal lands and in enterprises connected therewith; and is still deeply concerned in the coal trade. He is identified, not in all respects, though in many ways, with the New York companies, operating chiefly in Luzerne county. He is the principal stock-holder in one railway line, running out of Luzerne, by way of Carbon and Northampton counties, to New York. We shall not attempt to conceal that this enterprise is a valuable one, and that it affords facilities to his own county as well as Luzerne. The point raised is apart from this. In the struggle going on in the anthracite region his interests are identified with the New York companies; and where a man's interests are, there he will be found, in whatever position of public influence he may be placed.

If this struggle did not exist, or if it was to be brought to a close during the current season, there would be no sense in starting this objection to the election of Mr. PACKER as Governor. But this struggle is destined to last for some years at least. It will find its way into the Legislature, in divers forms, and into the Executive Chamber. It is, consequently, in the special interests of a large proportion of the population of the State, and in the general interests of the Treasury of the Commonwealth, that Mr. PACKER be not elected to the Governorship. Whatever may be said of his honesty—and we are ready to admit all that may be urged in his behalf—he is liable, the same as other people, to be swayed unconsciously by his own private concerns and by his identification with certain prominent enterprises. These considerations furnish abundant reasons why he should not have been nominated, and why, being nominated, he should not be chosen.

Doubtless, the companies whose interests are analogous to his own, will render him an active support, but it is just as clear that all the corporations whose interests run the other way, will be against him. This is a form of conflict which is not wholesome, but unavoidable under such circumstances as those that now exist. Mr. PACKER and his supporters are answerable for it, and they alone. We entertain not the slightest doubt but the people of Pennsylvania will settle it, not to please New York or its citizens, but to suit themselves and promote their own welfare.

THE Cleveland *Herald* says:

Parties under the direction of the Erie road, are now engaged in surveying a line from Seville, in Medina county, on the Atlantic and Great Western Road to Toledo, thus making a complete broad gauge road to New York.

—A call for a trans-Continental railroad Convention, to be held at Oswego, N. Y., on the first of October, will be issued in a few days. It is expected all the principal railroads on the line from the Pacific coast to Nova Scotia will be represented.

Washington Items.

The Cuban revolutionary emissaries to this country are according to their own statements, in hope that the United States will some time, and at no very distant day, give them substantial assistance. Mr. Lemus, a few days ago expressed the opinion that he expected to have some important information after the presentation of Minister Sickles to the authorities at Madrid. The supposition that belligerent rights will be conceded them is not generally credited, and the purchase proposition of the island appears to rest on no better foundation than rumor.

The statement telegraphed from here that several prominent Congressmen intended to bring forward bills at the next session of Congress to deduct the income tax from foreign holders of our bonds when coupons are presented for payment at the Treasury, is regarded as a stock jobbing canard, designed to "bear" the market for Government securities, by causing distrust in Europe among bondholders, who are expected to send them back in large quantities for sale here. Neither bonds nor coupons can be taxed in this way, and the statement is as foolish as it is unjust.

The excitement which has existed here on the Dent Mississippi question for some days has entirely subsided, and all parties have settled down with the conviction that while the President will not take sides in the contest his sympathies are with his brother-in-law, and that Judge Dent will be elected Governor of Mississippi by a large majority. A private letter written by General Sherman discloses the fact that the General sympathizes with the Conservative Republicans of Mississippi, which at the same time declares that the only effort of himself and his officers will be to preserve the peace and insure a fair election without taking sides with either party.

The contemptuous tone of the reply of Judge Gilmer, of Virginia, to the overtures of Judge Jenkins, chairman of the Radical Republican party of that State, for a reconciliation of the difference between the two wings of the party, attracts extensive comment in political circles. It is well known that the President earnestly endorsed the proposition made by Jenkins, which, however, did not originate with the Wells men, but was invited by the supporters of Governor-elect Walker. It is, therefore, evident that the Walker men succeeded in deceiving Jenkins by making him believe that they would accept his overtures, when in fact they did not intend to do anything of the kind. It is not improbable that the future course of the Administration will effect a complete transfer of the power of the two factions, when it may be expected that Gilmer and his friends will be compelled to make overtures to Jenkins.

WASHINGTON, PA.

The Country—The Crops—College Commencement—The Senatorial Question.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 4, 1869.

In order to have a breath of "fresh country air," so highly recommended as beneficial to the health of mankind in general, and citizens of Pittsburgh in particular, your correspondent left the city at two o'clock P. M. on Saturday of last week, and arrived in this quiet but pleasant town about half-past eight o'clock the same evening. We found the country between this point and the city delightful, of course, as it is in all sections at this season of the year, and our trip here, notwithstanding we were under the necessity of traveling some three miles by "walker's line," a mode of locomotion to which we have "constitutional objections," was quite a pleasant one. On arriving at McDonald Station, at which point the Washington stage connects with the Steubenville accommodation train, on the Panhandle Railroad, we found over thirty persons ticketed for Canonsburgh and Washington, and transportation for about half that number. We secured a seat on a Saratoga trunk, on the top of a Concord stage, originally constructed for the accommodation of nine passngers, but in and upon which were twenty-four, twelve of the number being ladies. Notwithstanding the extremely "high position" we occupied among our fellow-voyagers, we had not traveled far until we felt constrained to leave them, and take passage on "walker's line," in consequence of our utter inability to maintain so "high" a station. Mr. S——, of Pittsburgh, and Mr. McK——, of Iowa, formerly of this place, who occupied seats on the same deck, abandoned them for the same reason, and in company we started for Washington on foot. After proceeding about three miles, we were overtaken by Mr. R——, of this place, with a carriage in which there were five persons, who kindly offered your correspondent a seat, which was readily and most gratefully accepted.

THE CROPS.

Crops of every description are said to be excellent. The wheat, of which there was a very heavy crop, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, has been all harvested and housed without receiving any injury, and the oats crop, which is an exceedingly heavy one, is now being harvested. The corn generally looks well and promises a heavy crop. The potatoe crop is unusually heavy, and is already having its effect upon the market, as we see fine new potatoes selling here at 60 cents per bushel. There will be an abundance of apples and other fruits throughout the country.

THE COMMENCEMENT.

The Commencement exercises of Washington and Jefferson College, which is now located at this place, are now in progress here. The exercises commenced last evening with an address before the Students' Christian Association by Samuel Niccolls, D. D., St. Louis. The address was delivered in the First Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr. Brown, pastor,) which, although a very capacious building, was crowded to its utmost capacity. The address was an able and highly interesting one.

The Commencement proper takes place on Thursday and will doubtless be largely attended. There are already a great many of the *alumni* of the two colleges in the town and many more are expected to arrive.

The citizens are taking a great interest in the affairs of the College, and are laboring for its advancement. At 2 P. M., to-day, the re union of the class of 1844 takes place, and at 7 P. M. the Anniversary Address will be delivered before the Washington and Union Literary Societies, by Rev. James McCosh, D. D., LL. D., of Princeton, New Jersey, after which the *Alumni* re-union and supper will take place.

THE SENATORIAL QUESTION.

The Senatorial question is still the subject of much agitation to the political mind in this locality. The adjustment of the matter, to which you referred editorially a few days since, does not appear to be satisfactory to the minds of many of the leading men of the county. It is contended that the committee appointed to investigate the matter, whose report was published in the GAZETTE, have largely exceeded the duties of their appointment in one respect, and failed in others. The committee, according to the statement of the dissatisfied portion of the community, were appointed to investigate the charges of fraud made against Mr. Rutan, and report the result of that investigation to their respective County Committees. A meeting of the County Executive Committee of this county was held Saturday, at which the action of the Special Committee was endorsed and the testimony taken before them ordered to be published. For some reason the testimony has not yet been furnished for publication, and it is this fact alone that is complained of. The people, it is contended, should see the testimony and judge for themselves as to the correctness of the charges. The *Reporter*, in accordance with its promise at the commencement of the imbroglio, has hoisted Mr. Rutan's name and will support him. The affair is a most unfortunate one for this county, as the vote is so close that it requires but a slight disaffection in the Republican party to enable the Democracy to carry it. R.

Dusky Gathering.

Mayor Drum's office was crowded with a dusky gathering last evening. The cause of the unusual rallying of the colored folks, originated at the select picnic, held the day previous in Pleasant valley Grove, at which Mary Ann Price and Elizabeth Anderson had a pugulistic discussion, in reference to the delinquencies of Mr. Anderson, who it is said is fond of female society, particularly that of Mary Ann. John Yaw, another male admirer of the fasinating Mary, also became involved in the affair, and figured in an assault and battery suit and a surety of the peace case, which occasioned the appearance of the colored visitors at the office of law. After something less than twenty-five friends of the various parties had been examined the cases were compromised, and the sable attendants departed.

Iron Masters' Convention.

The Iron Manufacturers of the west and northwest yesterday held a convention in this city. Delegates were present from St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus, and other cities. The object of the Convention was to consider the prudence and expediency of advancing prices, inasmuch as it is claimed that the mills are now operated at a positive loss to their proprietors. After a full and free interchange of opinion, the convention resolved to make no advance, but to continue, at least for the present, to supply their customers at the prevailing prices. Various causes now combine to make the business unremunerative, but how to set them aside is a difficult problem to determine. The convention adjourned to meet again at the call of the chairman.

Fatal Accident.

The Clearfield *Journal* says: We learn that, on Friday last, a man named Martin Gilligan met with a fatal accident on Whitmore Run, about four miles above Ansonville, whilst engaged in felling timber. He cut a tree, which lodged heavily against another and bent it over very much. As the lodged tree slid off, the other sprung back with such force as to cause the top to break off and fall upon the unfortunate man, breaking his neck and causing instant death. The deceased was an industrious and highly respected young man, whose sudden death will be deeply lamented by his many friends.

ONE OF THE MOST ASTOUNDING CURES EVER PUBLISHED—ATTESTED BY OVER FIFTY WITNESSES.

The remarkable cure of Miss Fisher, of Beaver county, is one worthy of more than a passing notice, especially when so many persons are suffering not only with diseases of the eyes, and partial or total blindness, but likewise with other chronic ailments which Dr Keyser has treated with such astounding success.

The lady concerned was doomed to perpetual blindness, which through Dr. Keyser's skill was completely removed, the truth of which has been vouched for by a sufficient number of witnesses to establish the fact beyond all cavil. The subjoined letter from the young lady's brother speaks for itself:

DR. KEYSER—This is the list of names that I have to the cure of my sister, Christiana Fisher. They were all willing to put their names down, and were very much astonished to see that you brought her sight so soon. My mother sends her thanks to you; she says "you are one of the greatest men in the world." She says if we had not come across you she believes her child would not be living at this time. We all join in sending our love and respects to you.

S. P. FISHER,
North Sewickley.

We, the undersigned know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the fact above stated.

CHRISTIAN FISHER,
SIMON P. FISHER, (brother.)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor avenue, Allegheny.
EUGENE MCCASKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

S. H. Brown,	Philip Friday	Rachel Friday,
H. N. Teckle,	A. H. Carroll,	Wm. Jenkins,
E. W. Levendorfer,	Michael Harris,	J. A. Fleming,
	Susan Lemmix,	Eliza Hyde,
C. S. Swineburg	Eliza Levendorfer	T. L. Young,
Wm. Adison,		A. M. Levendorfer,
J. Levendorfer,	J. F. Mitchell.	
A. Gardner.	G. Levendorfer	J. F. Morrison,
A. M. Morrison	Robt Manead,	C. Mahead,
Isabella Dobbs,	N. Funkhouser.	D. Fisher,
G. Fisher (br'r)	Lizzie Mahead,	Tillie Mahead,
T. M. Mahead,	Thos. Mahead,	Leon Allison,
Mary J. Brown,	Jane A. Morton	J. C. Weller,
Mary J. Weller,	N. H. Mezen,	Mary H. Morton
Wm. H. Morton	Ezra Hazen,	Jennie Wilson,
C. M. Wilson,	Mary E. Wilson	Mary Patten,
Jennie Patten,	Martha Patten,	James Patten,
Sadie E. Dobbs,	Jennie S. Dobbs	J. W. Dobbs,
I. Dobbs,	Wm. R. Penor,	C. R. Fisher,
	Williamina Fisher, (her mother.)	

Deafness, Hard Hearing, Discharges from the Ear, Polypus of the Ear, Catarrh, Ozena, Blind Eyes, Inflamed Eyes, and every species of Sore Eyes and Ears Ruptures, Varicocele, Enlarged Limbs Broken Veins, Ulcerated Legs and the various diseases of the skin and hair successfully treated.

DR. KEYSER, may be consulted every day until 12 o'clock, at his store, 167 Liberty street, and from 1 to 5 o'clock at his office, No. 120 Penn street.

ROUSE THE SYSTEM.

It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain: but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening; not merely for an hour or two to sink afterward into a more pitiable condition than ever, (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic imitant were resorted to,) but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ INDEPENDENT TEMPERANCE CANDIDATE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

ISAIAH DICKEY.

au5:m12

FOR SALE—CITY RESIDENCE. On Cowell street, one square from street cars. The House has ten rooms, hall, good cellars, pressed brick front, gas and water throughout, bath room, range in kitchen, and in a pleasant neighborhood. Price ONLY $7,000; on easy terms. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

PERSONAL.—All persons seeking HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

STEUBENVILLE (O.) FEMALE SEMINARY.—Delightfully situated on the banks of Ohio. Forty years in successful operation. Unusual advantages in solid and ornamental branches. School Year of Forty Weeks begins September 7, 1869. Entire expense about $5.00 a week. Twenty-five per cent. deduction for daughters of ministers. Send for Catalogue to REV. CHARLES C. BEATTY, D. D., LL.D., Superintendent, or REV. A. W. REID, A. M., Principal. au5:THSTF3t

SCHOOL DESKS.

RANKIN'S IMPROVED

SCHOOL DESK.

ADVANTAGES:

I. Strongest and Most Durable.

II. Does not require to be fastened to the floor.

III. Presents no obstacles to the Broom in Sweeping.

IV. It is perfect in the ease of ingress and egress.

V. It is the Cheapest.

Private and public schools supplied through

R. S. DAVIS & CO.,

192 LIBERTY STREET,

Where a Model may be seen and Prices and other particulars received. au5:THSTF

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, of the County of Allegheny, I will expose to sale at Public Auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 27th day of August, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate on the corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, Fourth ward, City of Allegheny, county aforesaid, being part of Lot No. 28 in the original plan of said city, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the south-east corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, and running thence south along Sandusky street thirty (30) feet to the corner of lot now or late of Harvey Childs; thence along the line of same parallel with Gay alley one hundred feet eastwardly (100); thence on a line parallel with Sandusky street northwardly thirty feet (30) to Gay alley; and thence along said Gay alley westwardly one hundred feet (100) to the corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, the place of beginning, on which there is erected a large two story brick Dwelling House fronting on Sandusky street and a large Brick Stable and Carriage House in the rear. Terms—one half cash upon the sale being confirmed, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

LIZZIE E. PERCHMENT,
Administratrix of A. Perchment, deceased.
au5:all

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny county. No. 558. October Term, 1865.

Commonwealth ex rel. vs. Andrew Denniston. Commission de Insolvente Inquirendo.

July 31, 1869. Account of George Finley, Committee, filed.

Same day petition of George Finley, Committee, filed, praying for leave to make private sales of certain lots of ground, &c.

And now, to-wit, July 31, 1869. Petition presented in open Court, whereupon the Court award a citation as prayed for, returnable to SATURDAY, the 21st day of August, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

BY THE COURT.

(From the Record.)
JACOB H. WALTER, Proth notary.

To Andrew Denniston and Jane, his wife; Lydia A. Finley, Jane M. Bodin, George C. Denniston, James A. Denniston, Nancy E. Weigset, Andrew J. Denniston, Samuel W. Denniston and Luther C. Denniston: You are hereby notified to appear in Court on SATURDAY, August 21, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. au5:m4:THST

CHERRY SEEDER.

CHERRY SEEDER.

Every family using Cherries, whether for pies, canning or drying, should have one of these valuable machines. It not only saves time and labor, but will more than pay for itself in seeding one bushel of cherries.

The machine is cheap, simple, durable and handsome. The hopper is adjustible, thereby adapting it to all sizes of cherries.

RETAIL PRICE - - - - - - $2.00.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.

je1-THS

JOB PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE.

One of the longest established and most complete Job Printing offices in the city, is offered for sale on the most favorable terms. It embraces all the machinery and types necessary for Book and Job Printing in all branches. There are four steam power presses; steam engine and boiler; poster, card and book type; and a complete German Job Office, the materials for which are almost new. The office is complete in every respect, and has a large and profitable business. The establishment will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars apply at the COMMERCIAL OFFICE, or address Box 317 Pittsburgh, Pa.

jy29:m80

THE BEST PEN IN THE WORLD FOR RAPID WRITING,

THE INDIA RUBBER PEN,

Combining the qualities of Gold, Steel and Quill Pens. This pen is peculiarly adapted to the use of Lawyers, Clergymen, and other professions where the object to be attained is rapid and legible writing. Each Pen warranted.

FOR SALE BY

KAY & COMPANY,

65 WOOD STREET

jy24:THFS (Lafayette Building.

HEADQUARTERS FOR MEN AND BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,

NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices. Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits; Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits; Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits; Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks; Gents' Alpaca Sacks; Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits; Gents' Scotch Cheviot Business and Walking Suits. Clothing of all kinds at GRAY & LOGAN'S,

jy30 No. 47 Sixth street, (late St Clair.)

TO LUMBER DEALERS AND CARPENTERS.—I am now in receipt of

ONE MILLION

Best A No. 1 Saginaw Shingles,

From the celebrated Michigan Lumber Regions direct, which I can sell to the trade at low figures either by car load or in quantities to suit purchasers,

ALEX. PATTERSON,

Cor. Juniata and Preble streets, Sixth ward, and No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. jy29:m76

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY,
Principal.
jy20:TTHS

NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western Home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois. jy31:m13

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CURRY NORMAL INSTITUTE,

The Next Term will Open on the

LAST MONDAY OF AUGUST.

Persons wishing to enter Regular Classes, and especially former Pupils and others qualified to enter the Senior Class, should apply this week.

A SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Will be opened in connection with this Institution, in which they can take a thorough Course in Spelling, Reading, Arithmetic, Geography, History, English Grammar, Writing and Bookkeeping, or any of these branches.

A Select School for Little Girls,

Of similar grade, will also be connected with the Institution.

Parents wishing to make arrangements for sending their Sons and Daughters, are invited to apply this week. au5:T8

ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY,

Under the Care of the Sisters of Mercy,

WESTMORELAND CO., PA.

This Institution is situated near the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, in a most beautiful and healthy part of Westmoreland county, about three miles from Latrobe.

The scholastic year is divided into two sessions, commencing the Monday after the 15th of August.

Board and tuition per session, (payable in advance)	$95 00
Bed and bedding per session	00
Stationery " "	2 00
Doctor's fees " "	2 00

The Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, &c., form extra charges.

All communications should be directed to the Directress of St. Xavier's Academy, St. Vincent's P. O., Westmoreland county, Pa.

N. B.—A carriage is in attendance at Beatty's Station every Wednesday, to meet the morning accommodation train from Pittsburgh.

Studies will commence August 23d.

Prospectuses can be had on application to the Directress of the Academy. au5:m4

NEWELL INSTITUTE,

255 and 267 Penn Street,

Will re-open on MONDAY, SEPT. 6TH.

Terms $40 per session of five months.

No extra charges, except for French and Music. Applicants to be able to read easily.

THE BOYS' SCHOOL ROOMS, in No. 267, have been recently enlarged and very much improved. The course of study qualifies for entrance into any College. Thorough teaching is given in those studies relating to business, such as SPELLING, PENMANSHIP, ARITHMETIC, COMPOSITION, &c. German Classes daily. The character of the school is a guarantee for honest, vigorous teaching. The Teachers are Messrs. NEWELL, MAGRUM, BURCHFIELD, SLOANE, and MOEGAN.

The School Rooms for the YOUNG LADIES are in No. 255 Penn street. The Rooms are spacious and elegant. The Principal, Mr. J. R. NEWELL, will be assisted by Miss SPENCER, Miss E. M. LIGGETT, late of Vassar College, and Miss WATKINS, already known in the community as an able teacher. The two Departments, Junior and Senior, embrace the usual course pursued in such institutions.

THE MUSICAL DEPARTMENT will be under the care of Prof. DEHAM and Miss STEBBINS. Prof. DEHAM's charges are $25 per quarter, and Miss STEBBINS, $18 per quarter. Both are known as strictly FIRST-CLASS Teachers of Music. The LADIES' SCHOOL now offers every advantage which can be secured by faithful teaching and most desirable surroundings.

The Principal may be seen daily at 255 Penn street, from 9 to 12 o'clock. au4:WFM

S. A. CLARKE & CO.'S

Weekly Register of New Books.

The Ladies' Book of Needlework, including Embroidery, Braiding, Knitting, Crotchet, &c., with sixty-four new designs in colors	$7 50
Cyclopoedic Science Simplified, by J. H. Pepper, profusely illustrated, 600 engravings	4 50
Carlyle's Life of Schiller, 1 vol. 8vo	3 75
Stier's Words of the Apostles, 1 vol. 8vo	3 50
Gleanings from French Gardens, comprising an account of such features of French Horticulture as are most worthy of adoption	3 00
Harvey's Painted Windows	2 00
Bright's Speeches, paper	75
McKenzie's History of Scotland	3 50
Liddon's Oxford University Sermons, new edition	1 50
Kriloff, the Russian Fabulist	2 50
Good or Evil, paper	1 75
First Love and Last Love	80
Dublin Repository Tracts—packet of 3000 pages	1 00
Famous London Merchants, a book for boys	1 00
Dr. Hodge's Commentary on the Confession of Faith	1 75
Journal of Social Science	1 00
The Tourist's Pocket Companion, 1869	1 00
Appleton's Short-Trip Guide to Europe	2 00
Phillips' Sculpture Atlas, 12 colored maps	25
Cipher, a romance by Jane G. Austin	1 00
Little Women, 2 vols., each	1 50
Old-Town Folks, by Mrs. Stowe	2 00
The Subjection of Women, by John Stuart Mill	1 00

119 Wood Street,
THS 2d door below Fifth Avenue.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE

ALLEGHENY CEMETERY,

JUNE 1, 1869.

DR.

To amount received for Cemetery lots to date		$479,147 52
To amount received on Endowment Fund		5,800 00
To amount received from sales of shrubbery to date		7,852 19
To amount received from interments and improvements of lots		94,218 09
To amount received for interest, &c		23,805 86
		$609,424 66

CR.

By amount paid for Cemetery grounds to date		$118,412 83
By amount paid for stock and tools to date		1,949 07
By amount paid for permanent improvements		29,872 57
By amount paid for Mausoleum		7 021 10
By amount invested in U. S. bonds and bond mortgages		111,842 45
By amount due on bills receivable, &c		41,582 00
By amount paid for labor to date		174,347 43
By amount paid for expenses, sales, &c., to date		113,988 29
By amount due from sundry accounts		7,563 59
By balance in bank and in hand		5,842 33
		$609,424 66

au4:m97

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.

jy28:m66

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY,

At CHESTER, DELAWARE Co., Pa. (For Boarders only.) The eighth annual session commences Thursday, September 2nd. The buildings are new and very complete in all their appointments. Very thorough instruction in English, ancient and modern languages. Two graduates of the United States Military Academy devote their time exclusively to the departments of Mathematics and Engineering. Careful attention is given to the moral and religious culture of cadets. Circulars may be obtained of C. H. PAULSON, Esq., No. 40 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, or of

COL. THEODORE HOYATT,
President of P. M. Academy, Chester, Pa.
Au3:m6.

IN THE MATTER OF SAMUEL BAILEY and WM. G. McCANDLESS, partners, as Bailey & McCandless, Bankrupts, No. 1,084. In Bankruptcy.

Western District of Pennsylvania, ss:

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, assignee of said Bankrupts, that the Court have ordered that a second general meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts be held at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Penna., in said District, on the 17th DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the office of JOHN N. PURVIANCE, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the twenty-seventh section of the Bankrupt Law, of March 2, 1867.

au4 n3 W. A. LEWIS, Assignee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS.

PUTNAM & ADAMS

WILL CLOSE OUT AT

Greatly Reduced Prices,

The Balance of their Extensive Stock of

SUMMER GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Gauze Cotton Undershirts & Drawers.
Gauze Merino Undershirts & Drawers.
Gauze Silk Undershirts and Drawers.
Lisle Thread Undershirts & Drawers.

LINEN, JEAN AND

MUSLIN DRAWERS,

INCLUDING THE CELEBRATED

PATENT PANTALOON DRAWERS.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

At Very Low Prices.

GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
TIES, BOWS,
SUMMER SCARFS,

ALL REDUCED.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

MEN'S HALF HOSE.

A LARGE LOT OF

FANCY SHIRTS

To be Closed Out Very Cheap.

THE

"QUAKER CITY FINE SHIRTS,"

Of which we are the Sole Agents for this City, are unsurpassed in quality, style, make and excellence of fit.

It is a make of Shirts that has become Standard, and for which the demand is

STEADILY INCREASING.

We have these Shirts in all sizes

FOR EYELETS AND STUDS,

ALSO,

To Open at the Back.

FINE DRESS SHIRTS

MADE TO ORDER.

Also, Wholesale Agents for the Celebrated

"NORWICH MOLDED"

Linen Collars and Cuffs,

SARATOGA,
NEWPORT,
NIAGARA,

At Manufacturers Prices.

PUTNAM & ADAMS,

72 Fifth Avenue,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NO SCARCITY OF GOODS!

PLENTY OF

GOOD BARGAINS.

TWELVE YARDS

Fast Colored Dark Calico

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

GOOD FAST COLORED CALICO

At 10 Cents.

Best Makes of Calicos

At 12 1-2 Cents.

HANDSOME NEW STYLES.

TWELVE YARDS

BLEACHED MUSLIN

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

TWELVE YARDS

Fine Unbleached Muslin

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

FINE YARD WIDE

BLEACHED UNDRESSED MUSLIN

At 12 1-2 Cents.

Fine Black and Colored

DOUBLE WIDTH ALPACAS

At 25 Cents.

EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN

CASSIMERES.

SHIRTING FLANNELS

At Very Low Prices.

New Bargains Daily

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK,

On 30th July, 1869.

Published by order of the Board of Trustees in accordance with Section 9 of the Charter.

Cash on hands		$ 33,987 92
Expenses and office furniture		2,707.88
Bonds, Mortgages, and other valid securities		424,452.36
Real Estate		854.63
		$462,002.79
Capital Stock authorized, $300,000.		
Capital Stock instalments called in and paid		$ 157,900.00
Premiums and interest		28,339 22
Dividends unclaimed		30.00
Deposit account		275,733.57
		$462,002.79

S. F. VON BONNHORST,
TREASURER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me. Witness my hand and Notarial Seal this 30th day of July, A. D. 1869.

GEORGE W. MURPHY,
Notary Public.
jy31:m92

SICILY LEMON SUGAR,

For making Lemonade; an excellent substitute for Lemons. For sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW,
jy24 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

CEMENT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by

J. B. CANFIELD.

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks for sale

J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE

TO

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Buyers of Dry Goods.

NOTWITHSTANDING

The Unusually Large

DEMAND AND SALES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

This Establishment

DURING

THE PAST FEW WEEKS,

WE ARE

Pleased to Inform our Customers,

AND THE PUBLIC,

That our Stock is Still Kept

FULL AND COMPLETE,

By Large Arrivals Daily

OF

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS,

AND

That We Have Plenty of

GOODS

AND GOOD BARGAINS

To Offer All,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

HOMES! HOMES! HOMES! HOMES!—All kinds of Property for sale in the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER," CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 MARKET STREET.

$80,000 Worth Unsold.

TEN DAYS LONGER!

STILL GREATER REDUCTION IN PRICES!

Many Goods offered Twenty-five per cent. less than they can be bought for in the Eastern Markets at the present time.

Winter Goods as well as Summer

AT

THE SAME REDUCTION.

Must be Closed Out!

By Order,

J. W. BARKER, Jr.,
Administrator.

☞ NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.—TEACHERS.—In Union Township, FIVE TEACHERS. Applicants will meet at Mount Pisgah School House on SATURDAY, August 7th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED.—A good GARDENER, to go to the country, who can drive and work with horses; must be sober, honest and industrious. To such an one a good home and fair wages will be given. Call at or address JOHN J. F. YOUNG, Fruit and Confectioner, No. 83 Fifth Avenue Extension, for further information.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A good second-HAND ENGINE AND BOILER; engine about 7 inch cylinder; Boiler from 18 to 20 feet, 36 to 46-inch, and flued. Parties having such machinery to sell will please address Box 384, Pittsburgh Postoffice, stating size, make and price.

WANTED.—A SMALL HOUSE, of three rooms, in Manchester or Lawrenceville. Also, a SITUATION in a clothing store as salesman. Good reference given. Address W. P. BRANDON, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

STRAYED.

STRAYED FROM THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber, on Tuesday last, a RED AND WHITE COW. Any person finding or giving information where she may be found, will be rewarded.

WILL MILLER, Coal Hill.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, with Gas, in old Sixth ward; rent moderate. Enquire of S. M., 257 Liberty street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Room, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

TO-LET.—A HOUSE of Ten Rooms, newly refitted; in a most beautiful, shady and central location, on Eighth (Hancock) street, near Penn. Also another with six rooms. Apply at 277 Penn street.

TO-LET.—SCHOOL ROOMS.—Prof. H. I. Gourley having discontinued the rooms lately occupied by him in "Phelan's Buildings," 22 and 24 Fifth Avenue, will be for rent, together with all the school furniture complete. For further particulars inquire of JAMES PHELAN, No. 24 Fifth Avenue.

TO-LET.—FIVE NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalappa street, 5th ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny Avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner Webster street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Bargains in Real Estate in the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER. Published only by CROFT & PHILLIPS, at No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of W. C. NEGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

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SALTSBURG—A 2 story Brick House, 9 rooms, 80 by 180.

GREENSBURG—A Lot 62 by 84, opposite freight depot.

McKEESPORT—4 Lots and 2 story Brick House, with Tavern; M. V. R. R. passing through the property.

PERRY STREET, Allegheny—2 story frame house, 20 by 91.

ELIZABETHTOWN—4 Lots, 25 by 60, with three frames and a two story Brick house.

SECOND AVENUE—A 3 story Brick House, 9 rooms.

CENTRE AVENUE—A 2 story Brick House.

For particulars enquire at 87 Grant street.

jy16 TUSTIN & KLEE.

FOR SALE.—Over $1,000,000 worth of property, comprising Farms, Mills, Hotels, Stores, Houses, Lots, City and Suburban residences in such a vast variety, that the most fastidious cannot fail to get suited in a home. Full particulars of all the above given in the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER" CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue, Don't fail to get it.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE.

The elegant new two story, pressed brick front, at present occupied by J. S. Bell, Beech street, Second ward, Allegheny. The house contains 11 rooms, with attic, wash house with stationary tubs, stable and coach house, side yard and garden. The house is finished in the very best style, with inside shutters, marble mantles and hearths, marble wash stands, Graff, Hugus & Co's furnace, Cincinnati range in kitchen, speaking tubes, pantries, and every convenience necessary for a first-class residence. For terms apply to

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jy31:m90 Bates & Bell's, or on the premises.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot on Sandusky street; House and Lot on Boyle street; 3 Houses in the Eighth Ward; 3 Farms in Ohio; Farm in Sewickley Township; 10 acres at Fleming Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; Farm near Perrysville; House and 1¼ acres at Glendale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; 3 Farms in Iowa; Lot on Locust street (Manchester); Farm in Westmoreland county; 7 Houses and Lots in Spring Garden avenue; House and Lease on Middle street; House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward. Other Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of

M. WHITMORE,

Real Estate and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. jy17

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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL for Coal Roads, CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

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The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

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BRASS CASTINGS

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Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

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Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

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Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

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FINE VASES,

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NEW STYLES,
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Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

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All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

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TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.

OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS, CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;

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BOILER MAKERS

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

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For Steamboats.

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NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

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MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

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"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

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Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
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GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
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TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards,
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 Inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1½, 2 and 3 Inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
300,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester, ap:6

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Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 18 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

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I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

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Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

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Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,

Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

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Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.

Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

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jy10:198

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CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

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This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

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my1:182

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Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

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Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

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UPHOLSTERY.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Perry's Mexican cloth Satin, Delaines, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair.) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.

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SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

This Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,300 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO W. MULLIN, Proprietor,

Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.

jy5:167

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se26:v21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

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GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my13:125

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 4, 1869.

Money easy at 5@7 per cent. on call loans, chiefly at 6 per cent. Sterling quiet at 9¾@10. Gold dull and without change, opening at 136, declining to 135¾, closing at 135⅞@136¼. Carrying rates 5½@7 per cent. Clearances $44,000,000.

Governments higher closing firm; Coupons of '81, 124¾@125; do. '62, 125@125¼; do. '64, 123¾@124; do. '65, 123⅞@124; do. new, 122⅝@122⅞; do. '67, 122¾@122⅞; do. do. 68, 122⅝@122¾; 10-40's, 116@116⅛; Pacifics, 111¾@111¾. About $450,000 of the bonds sold to the Government to-day had been delivered at the close of bank hours. The remainder will be delivered to-morrow.

State bonds heavy: Missouris, 87½; old Tennessees 62; new 57½; old Virginias 58; new 61; old North Carolinas 56; new 51.

The liabilities of the Greek firm of Rhodaconachi & Fraughiani are reported to be about £600,000 in this market. This amount is owing to bankers whose solvency will not be effected by the loss. It is moreover expected a handsome dividend will be declared. The Directors of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad met to-day and passed suitable resolutions to the memory of Mr. Keep. The Board resolved as a further remark of respect to the late President, to let the matter of filling the vacancy in the Board and electing a President, lie over until the next monthly meeting.

Stocks are generally dull but steady; there was much activity and firmness in new St. Paul and Reading.

Five-Thirty Prices: Canton, 58; Cumberland, 34; Western Union Telegraph, 38½; Quicksilver, 15¾; Mariposa, 8; do. preferred, 15; Pacific Mail, 84¾; Adams Express, 59; Wells 19⅜; American, 41½; United States, 67; Merchants Union, 10¾; New York Central, 209½; Harlem, 166; do. preferred, 1,66; Hudson, 185; Reading, 97¾; Erie, 28⅜; do. preferred, 54¾; Michigan Central, 131; Michigan Southern, 106⅞; Illinois Central, 141½; Pittsburgh, 106½; Northwestern, 87¾; do. preferred, 97⅞, Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 83; Rock Island, 114¾; do. preferred; 89⅝c; Wabash, 73¼; Fort Wayne, 153; Terre Haute, 34; do. preferred, 58; Chicago and Alton, 156; do. preferred, 1,66; Ohio and Mississippi, 32¼; Dubuque and Sioux City, 105.

Mining shares: Gregory, 210; Smith & Parmlee, 275.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Copper Falls 13½; Franklin 10; Minnesota 15⅝; Quincy, 221½.

Sub-Treasury: Balance, $94,640,022.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, August 4, 1869.

Business is by no means brisk, still it is just about as active as is usual at this particular season of the year; trade, generally, is usually very dull during July and August. The demand for almost everything is restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants, there being an almost total absence of anything like a speculation feeling. Flour still rules low in consequence of a strong local competition, prices here being lower, relatively, than in the west, and operators have been working on extremely small margins, if any at all. Dealers are now handling winter wheat flours, which are being sold at about the same prices here that spring wheat commands in Chicago. It looks now as if there would be but little spring wheat flour required in this market within the next year, unless it can be sold below winter wheat, as the latter will be given the preference at the same price, and until recently has brought from 25 to 50 cents per bbl more.

APPLES—In fair supply, and unchanged; sales at $3@4 per bbl.

BERRIES—Sales Blackberries at $1,00 per bucket, and Raspberries at $1,75.

BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged; sales of fair to choice at 20@25.

BEANS—Sales at $1,75@2.

BROOMS—Quoted as follows: No. 5 $6,50; No. 4 $6; No. 3 $5, No. 2, plain, $4,50, and market firm.

CHEESE—In good supply and dull, but unchanged.

CEMENT—Johnstown Hydraulic Cement is quoted at $2,25 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—Is dull, as usual at this season of the year, and prices are nominally unchanged.

DRIED FRUIT—Is very dull, and likely to continue so until towards winter, as there are many other kinds of fruits offering.

EGGS—Sales at 18@19@20.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—The market is quiet and firm but unchanged; the arrivals are increasing slightly—mainly from Ohio and other points this side of Chicago, as the price there will not admit of shipment to this market. We continue to quote Spring Wheat brands at $6,75@7,00, and Winter Wheat at $7.00@7,50. Both retailers and bakers, as well as consumers are buying very sparingly.

GRAIN—Spot Wheat is in good demand, and firm in consequence of a temporary scarcity, but future deliveries will not command spot prices. Prime old and new is selling at $1,40, and choice old would probably command 3@5 cts more. Oats a little panicky, under the influence of a strong desire on the part of some dealers to realize, and prices compared with last week, are 3@5 cts. lower. We are cognizant of a sale of 2 cars at 65, and small sales in store at 68@70. Some dealers have faith that old oats will bring better prices again before the new crop is brought in to any extent. Corn is quiet and unchanged—arrivals light; demand only moderate. Rye nominal at $1,25—not much offering.

HAY—New Hay is in good supply and lower, ranging from $15@20, as to quality, from country wagons.

HEMP—Very dull, $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—White Lime is quoted at $1,50 and Cleveland at $2,50, per bbl.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1, at 1,44, and No. 2, at $1,05.

POTATOES — Unchangad — sales at $1,75@2,00 per bbl.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 65@70 per pair.

PROVISIONS—Firm with a good jobbing demand. Shoulders, 15½@15¾; Ribbed Sides, 18¼, Clear do 19¼; Sugar Cured Hams, 23½@24 and Breakfast Bacon, 22¼. Lard, 20 in tierces, and 21 in buckets. Dried Beef 22½. Mess Pork, $33½.

PEACHES—In good supply with sales at $2@2,50 per bushel.

PEANUTS—Higher, at 12¼.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by the car load, 1, at $1,75@80.

TALLOW—Rendered quoted at 10½.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, August 4, 1869.

The oil market, for both crude and refined, was stronger to-day, with prices again looking upward, though as has been the case for some time past, there was but little done, and the trade is comparatively dead, and devoid of that bouyancy and activity, that should and usually does prevail at this particular season of the year. Notwithstanding the fact that crude is now, and has been for some time past, much higher, relatively, than refined, there was an effort made to-day to put it up still further. It is true, oil is as high, relatively, at Oil City as it is here, also, that there is no margin to the dealer who buys there and ships here, but how the price is kept up, there; is a problem which is very hard to solve. It is possible that speculators are buying to fill their tanks, but this is hardly probable in the present aspect of affairs, as refiners neither here or anywhere else, at least we are so informed, can stand the prices now prevailing.

REFINED

As already noted, was a shade stronger to-day, with rather more inquiry but the volume of business was again light, and prices are unchanged. Sale 3,000 bbls on spot at 31¼; and 500 1st half September, at 32½. Last half August, 32; first half 31½; lines for late months, 32¾@33.

CRUDE.

But a single sale reported, and it was made last evening, 2,000 bbls seller Augnst at 11¾, and the same party had an order for 2,000 more for same delivery and price, but he was unable to find a seller, as sellers generally were asking 15 for spot or seller August. Seller all year nominal at 14¼, and buyer 16.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	810	bbls
J. Munhall	160	"
Livingston & Bro,	498	"
Pool Bro	83	"
D Bly & Co	50	"
Total	1,601	bbls

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 572 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co., 495 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 150 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth & Bro., 193 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 100 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 600 cases to Warden Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Co. 774 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Thos. Hackett, 288 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 237 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Fulton, Marein & Co., 200 bbls ref. oil W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 155 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Lyons & Bro., 144 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Refined..... 3,308 bbls. 600 cases.

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 53 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

H. W. C. Tweddle, 10 bbls refined, to M. R. Gervs & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 63

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Meutzer, Hepler & Co., 533 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, August 4.—Cattle continue to arrive freely, 1,650 head coming in to join 600 State bullocks for to-day's market. Trade is extremely dull, owners losing heavily and the yards nearly cleared by the giving way of half a cent in prices. A few of Texans, a week old, are still holding and depreciating all the time. The fresh cattle are about the average quality, no Texans being among them. The top price of 8 cwt., grade durhams, was 15½c; good cattle at 14 and thin at 10@12c. A drove of 100 Ill. steers, 6½ cwt. brought 12½@13c; 100 head fat Kentucky grades, strong 8 cwt, brought 14½@15½c; a lot, 7 cwt, Illinois cattle brought 14c. The arrivals of sheep were 2,700 head; prime sheep are selling at 6½@6¾c and common at 5c. Lambs are lower, the top price being 9c; poor lambs can scarcely be sold even at 7c; a lot of Canada lambs, 56 pounds, brought 7¼c; sale of 61 pounds at 8¾c; a car of Ohio sheep, 70 pounds, sold at 5¼c; a car of State, 80 pounds, at 6c, and some Pennsylvania, 80 pounds, at 6½c. Hogs less firm; 51 cars arrived to-day; 2 cars of Ohio, 190 pounds, brought 10¾c; dressed are worth 12¾@13c.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.—Cattle; the demand is only local and prices range at 3@6¼c for inferior to choice. Hogs in good demand and firm at 8@9¾c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

STEWART'S HOTEL FOR WORKING POEPLE.

In order to provide suitable homes for industrious young men and women, Mr. Alexander T. Stewart, of this city, has devoted six millions of dollars to the erection of buildings for our work-people. His plan includes the construction of two grand structures, which may be called hotels. On Fourth avenue, between Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets, the excavation is already made, and the foundations begun, for the first building, which is intended as a home for young working-women. It is to be constructed of iron, thoroughly fire-proof, and will have three fronts upon the three streets named. On Fourth avenue the frontage will be one hundred and ninety-two feet six inches; on Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets, respectively, two hundred and five feet. The area covered by the whole structure will be forty-one thousand square feet. It would be useless to encumber our space with architectural details that would convey no idea to the general reader. The main building will by six stories in height, with an additional story in the Mansard roof. Over the central portion of each front, and extending a space or width of one hundred feet on each, will be an additional story, with a superimposed Mansard roof, making the centre of each front eight stories high. At the extremities of each of these central elevations, as well as upon the street-angles, the building will have turreted towers, each twenty-four feet in width and height. These towers are ten in number, and varied in design. With pinnacles rising from their angles, they will doubtless form graceful crowns to the whole structure, and give lightness and airy elegance to the otherwise heavy mass of columns and windows. The color—pure white—will also assist in this respect. The entire central height will be one hundred and nine feet. The main portion of the building to the entablature will be ninety feet, and the roof adds to this twelve feet at the sides and eighteen feet at the centres. The general effect of the architect's idea will undoubtedly be very imposing.

"The principal entrance on the Fourth avenue front will have a width of forty-eight feet. The portico will be two stores in height, and unique and beautiful in design. It will consist of massive cluster-columns, with foliated capitals and bases, on octagon-shaped pedestals. The first story will contain twenty-four stories, each fifty-two feet deep by seventeen wide, and handsomely finished with plate glass windows. The rents from these will materially assist in meeting the pecuniary needs of the institution.

"The interior will be reached by a wide staircase through a vestibule, which, with its tall and massive pillars, will more nearly deserve the descriptive term grand than many places to which the word is applied. Beyond the vestibule will be a hall paved with marble, thirty feet wide, with double flights of stairs leading upward, and these having spacious landings. Those whose knees quake at the thought of eight stories to climb will feel relieved at the sight of the comfortable elevators on each side of the staircases, and running from the first to the upper story. Enough space for fresh air in the rooms will be secured by the height of the stories—the first (for stores), nineteen feet six inches; second, fourteen feet two inches; third, thirteen feet seven inches; fourth, twelve feet six inches; fifth twelve feet; sixth, eleven feet five inches; and the roof-story, seven feet eleven inches. The interior court-yard will be ninety-four feet by one hundred and sixteen, affording thus a fine breathing-space for the occupants of the interior rooms. The hollow square thus formed by the surrounding walls of the building will be something imposing, even beautiful, with the gold-fish and the fountain: The basement will be fourteen feet below the level of the street, and its vaults will reveal the massive masonry which, Atlas-like, will shoulder the peopled iron world above. There will be a great engine for generating steam for heating the building, for raising and lowering the great elevators, for driving the great fans that are to cool the summer air, and for lending iron sinews to the kitchen and the laundry. There are to be ventilating shafts from top to bottom, eight by ten feet square. The kitchen and the laundry arrangements are to be upon the most improved hotel plans. The hotel offices are to hold the persons who are to aid in the comfort of the inmates. Let us hope that the conventional hotel-clerk with his unapproachable dignity, will not be there.

"In the back part of the building, where there can be no stores, and where the contact with other buildings would impede the free access of air and light which all the rooms are to have abundantly, the laundry and kitchen will be situated, and, above them, the large halls for various purposes. One of these will be the dining-room, conducted on the restaurant plan, thirty feet by ninety-two in dimensions. The great halls for lectures, concerts, and other recreations, and for the reading-room and library, will be of the same size. The sleeping rooms will be of two kinds—the larger ones sixteen by eighteen feet in space, and intended for two sisters or two friends rooming together; the smaller ones, eight feet by nine, for one person only. Experience in institutions of the kind shows that applicants usually have a marked preference for single rooms, and the moral advantage of this is no doubt very great.

"The entire arrangement promises, to each working-girl who becomes an occupant, the comfort and convenience of a hotel, at an exceedingly small cost. Each one will pay at the fixed rate for lodging; the benevolence of the idea consisting in the fact that each occupant will be enabled to secure more of comfort and elegance than is ordinarily in the reach of the honest poor, at a cost even less than would otherwise attend the cramped and squalid rooms of the ordinary tenement-houses. The food will be furnished at cost, and each person will be enabled to regulate her expenses in proportion to her ability or inclination."—*Appleton's Jour.*

THE Richmond *State Journal* says, upon sufficient authority, that there is no truth in the Washington gossip, imputing to General Sherman and the President a desire to place General Canby in command in Mississippi. But, it adds, there is ground for the statement that certain Virginia politicians are anxious, for personal and party purposes, to substitute in the military command of this State some Copperhead officer in the stead of General Canby.

In Harmonious Democracy.

(From the New York Post.)

If the oracle, the great Panjandrum, does not so speak, we do not know what will become of the faithful. They are ready enough to believe—too ready, indeed; it is not that they believe too little, but that they believe too much; in the rough language of Davy Croket, "things is mixed," and a man who should undertake to swallow all the Democratic platforms which have been put forth within a few months for the guidance of the unterrified, would make a long face before he got through.

If we can imagine a Democratic politician in these days making up his mind about the question what his party's policy is, we shall see him first consulting the *World* and the generous band of St. Tammany, who instruct him that the debt must be paid in gold; then turning to Pendleton and the Western leaders, who assure him that if paid at all it is to be paid in greenbacks, though the Cincinnati *Enquirer* will tell him "repudiation is getting to be a very respectable sort of word, and every day makes it more and more a synonym for relief."

Puzzled here, he turns to the question of taxation, and the Northwestern Democrats cry out to him, with tolerable unanimity, that free trade is the true Democratic policy; but, as he looks down into Pennsylvania, he hears a counter-cry that a high protective tariff, the highest possible, is the true and only Democratic creed.

But about the Chinaman? the neophyte asks. "He must be kept out," shout the California Democrats, "or murdered if he comes in." "He must be brought here at once, to save the country," cry the Southwestern Democrats, eagerly bargaining with Koopmanschap for shiploads of coolies.

At least on the "nigger" our inquiring Democrat imagines there will not be two voices among his leaders. But, alas! here, too he hears wrangling and confusion. In Pennsylvenia, where there are few negroes, he is assured that total exclusion of the blacks from the ballot is the only safe Democratic doctrine. In New York, he is told that a property qualification for negro voters is the only safe, true and defensible doctrine of the Democracy. In the Southern States, equal and impartial suffrage and the ratification of the fifteenth amendment, on the contrary, he will hear, is the only true, trustworthy, correct principle for the Democratic faithful.

Now, to extricate himself from the muddle, suppose our inquiring Democrat determines as a last resort to subscribe for the organ of the party, and accept whatever that tells him as sound Democratic doctrine. Where is the organ? "Here," cries the *World*, and shows Governor Hoffman's endorsement. "Don't take that sheet," cries the Albany *Argus*; "here is your true organ." "By no means," shouts Brick Pomeroy; "the *La Crosse Democrat* is the only true and sound disseminator of Democratic principles."

More and more puzzled, the Democratic inquirer at last falls back upon a few general principles which his father used to tell him were Democratic. He declares economy in administration sound Democratic doctrine; but instantly the New York ring frowns him down. If economy should become fashionable, what would become of them? But surely to oppose special legislation is Democratic? Behold the great light of his party—Governor Hoffman—signing the Erie Directors' bill and other acts of the most inexcusable special legislation. But local self-government—that surely is Democratic? Alas! he cannot find a single act or attempt of his party to show that it holds even to this principle, except where it was to be invoked to guard slavery, or to make whisky free. With a Democratic Governor, and a Democratic majority in one branch of the Legislature, he sees not an effort made to secure local self-government to New York.

And so at last, in despair, he falls in with the advice of the *World*, which tells him: Believe what you please, dear brother, or rather, believe what is fashionable in your neighborhood:

"The opposition to negro voting is judicious and rational, so long as there is any chance of shutting out the negroes from the suffrage; but, when all such chances have finally vanished, no good purpose is served by keeping up the agitation."

And that is Democracy! That is what the great Democratic party has fallen to!

PASSIONS SUICIDAL.—Excessive labor, exposure to wet, and cold, deprivation of sufficient quantities of necessary and wholesome food, habitual bad lodging, sloth, and intemperance, are all deadly enemies to human life; but they are none of them so bad as violent and ungoverned passions. Men and women have survived all these, and at last reached an extreme old age; but it may be safely doubted whether a single instance can be found of a man of a violent and irascible temper, habitually subject to storms of ungovernable passion, who has arrived at a very advanced period of life. It is therefore a matter of the highest importance to every one desirous to preserve a sound mind in a sound body, so that the brittle vessel of life may glide smoothly and securely instead of being continually tossed about amidst rocks and shoals which endanger its existence, to have a special care, amidst all the vicissitudes and trials of life, to maintain a quiet possession of his own spirit.—*Bailey.*

THE Rev. Miss Olympia Brown has accepted a call from the Universalist Church at Bridgeport, Conn. The Rev. Miss Mary Graves has been called by the Universalist Church at North Reading, Mass.

NOTICES.

THE MEMBERS OF THE UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR ALLEGHENY CO are hereby notified that a meeting of the Committee will be held in the

DISTRICT COURT ROOM,

AT THE COURT HOUSE, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1868,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

A full attendance is requested.

W. S. PURVIANCE, Chairman.

WALTER S. McCUNE, Col. GEO. F. MORGAN, } Secretaries.
au4:n5

NOTICE.

MASONIC DEPOSIT SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, July 28, 1869.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Bank will be held at the Bank, No. 131 Smithfield street, on THURSDAY, August 5th, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of considering increase of capital.

By order of the Board.

jy29:m81 G. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints, and Patent Medicines. jy5:29

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juices, to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make good blood. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 34 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. mv19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hinderance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces offices, reception and waiting rooms; boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:162

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:168-d&F

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET.

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

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J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,

No. 87 Second Avenue,

ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28.n6

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap25:n4

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

FOR SALE.

A LEASE EIGHT YEARS TO RUN of a lot of ground from Ing 138 feet on Strawberry Lane, running back 258 feet immediately in rear of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Co's stable, and on the line of the the Cleve and and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, adjacent to the Ohio river, on which is erected TWO GOOD FRAME TENANT HOUSES of three rooms each, with good stabling and out houses complete. This property is well adapted for lumber or coke business, there being already erected thereon eight coke ovens with all the necessary appliances for carrying on that business.

ALSO, for rent or lease, a comfortable FRAME HOUSE of three rooms, in a good location within five minutes walk of Woods-run Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., to which there is attached about half an acre of ground. This property will be rented low for a term of years to a good tenant. Inquire of

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,

Lumber Yard corner Preble and Juniata streets, or No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. jy29:n77

FOR SALE.

Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.

Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements: lot 68 by 110—$4,000.

Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.

Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $5,000.

Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.

One lot 24 by 129 feet on Reed street—$500. Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.

20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.

20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of

McCLUNG & RAINBOW, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, jy10 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.

3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.

2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.

2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 12 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece,

1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.

700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.

Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each,

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 74 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 260 feet, on which is erected a double two story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL, jy12:m8 49 Stockton Avenue.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

A RARE CHANCE IS NOW offered to those who wish to invest in profitable Real Estate. We have for sale four Brick and one Frame Tenant Houses, with lot of ground 30 feet front by 99 deep; also a lot 30 by 6 feet, fronting on strawberry alley, opposite Academy of Music and near the corner of Liberty street.

For farther information, apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, au2 39 Sixth avenue.

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of "The Hopewell Old School Presbyterian Church, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania" for a Charter of Incorporation, at No. 604 September Term, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the "HOPEWELL OLD SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pa.," have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary

au2 J. H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF Pennsylvania ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOHN A. EMERY and LEWIS EMERY, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee, jy22:m45TH Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

HOPKINS STREET.—Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of July, 1869, at June Term, 1866, Quarter Sessions Court, a petition for vacation of a portion of Hopkins street, City of Allegheny, was presented and ordered to be filed, and rule granted to show cause why a portion of said street should not be closed up and vacated.

JOHN C. McCOMBS, jy12:m5-MTH Attorney for Petitioners.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE ARTISANS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association; and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL, Attorneys for Petitioners.

JULY 19, 1869. jy20:m35

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN QUINN, Esq., late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the Estate will please make prompt payment, and those having claims against the same will present them immediately to MARY QUINN, Administratrix, or to CHAS. B. KENNY, jy31:m91 Attorney at Law, 89 Grant St.

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.,

Of Allegheny, Pa.,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1869.

CAPITAL.....$100,000.00

ASSETS.

Stock Notes	$ 75,000.00
Bonds and Mortgages	23,899 50
Bills Receivable	8,236 82
Office Furniture	405.00
Cash on hand	1,660.02
	$109,231.34

RECEIPTS.

Premium	$ 15,719 37
Interest	2,783 41
	$18,502.78

DISBURSEMENT.

Dividends	$ 5,000.00
Losses paid	1,709 00
Office expense, taxes and stamps	4,036.24
Commissions	381.71
Return premiums and reinsurance	442.91
	$11,569.92
Amount of outstanding risks,	$1,349,862.00

jy24:m86-TTHS

THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D. D.,
Capt. R. ROBINSON,
Rev. A. K. BELL, D.D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D.D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter,
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.

Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President.
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D.D., Vice President,
JACOB RUSH, Secretary,
C. W. BENNY, Treasurer.

M. W. WHITE, MEDICAL ADVISER.

DANIEL SWOGER, Gen'l Agent.

This is a home company, conducted on the mutual principle, each policy holder receiving an equal share of the profits of the Company. Policies will be issued on all the different plans of Life Insurance, and being conducted on an economical basis will afford a safe investment to each policy holder, and thereby retain the money at home to encourage home industry. mh29:g33

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

N. J. Bigley, H. W. Oliver, jr, Capt. M. Bailey,
Dan'l Wallace, S. H. Hartman, A. Chambers,
Jake Hill, S. M'Clurkan, Jas. M. Bailey,
Thomas Smith, Jno. S. Willock,
ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.

Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

ap2:g67

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

OFFICE IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK BUILDINGS,

No. 41 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Wm. Cooper,
Geo. R. Riddle,	Jacob Franz,	Gottlieb Faas,
Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whilston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jere. Koben.

R. E. HERON, GENERAL AGENT.

sp10:o35

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Cor. Federal St. and Diamond, Allegheny,

Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

W. W. MARTIN, President,
JOHN BROWN, JR., Vice President,
JAMES E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

John A. Myler,	Jas. Lockhart,	Jos. Myers,
Jas. L. Graham,	Robert Lea,	C. C. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	George Gerst,	Jacob Hopp,
O. H. Phillips	Jno. Thompson	J. McNaugher.

ap6

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTTSBURGH;

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
C. C. Boyle,	Geo. W. Evans,
Robert Patrick,	J. C. Lappe,
Jacob Painter,	J. C. Fleher,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Ammon.
Henry Sproul,	

jy4:

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, N. E. CORNER WOOD & FIFTH STS.

A Home Company, taking Fire and Marine Risks

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Capt. John L. Rhoads,
John Watt,	Samuel F. Shriver,
John E. Parke,	Charles Arbuckle,
Capt. James Miller,	Jared M. Brush,
Wm. Van Kirk,	Wm F. Lang,
James D. Verner,	Samuel McCrickart

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
CAPT. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

INDEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., near 5TH.

DIRECTORS.

Charles F. Bancker,	Mordecai H. Louis
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets,
mh29:w15

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.

Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Acklen,	Phillip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	

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ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK.

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
T. J. HOSKINSON, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

John Irwin, Jr.,	E. L. Fahnestock,
T. J. Hoskinson,	W. H. Everson,
C. G. Hussey,	Robert H. Davis,
Harvey Childs,	Francis Sellers,
Charles Hays,	Capt. J. T. Stockdale,
Capt. Wm. Dean,	T. H. Nevin.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at his place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

PROPOSALS.

TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.

The SEWER COMMISSION of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the following sewers, with their appurtenances, inlets, manholes, etc.:

CONTRACT NO. 1,

Comprising about 1,000 feet of 4-feet circular BRICK SEWER, from Pasture Lane to junction of Montgomery avenue sewer, through West Common.

CONTRACT NO. 2,

Comprising about 650 feet of 18-inch circular PIPE SEWER on Ridge avenue, from a point 200 feet north from the intersection of Rebecca street to Belmont street sewer.

CONTRACT NO. 3,

Comprising about 550 feet of 12-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on Pitt alley, from Strawberry alley to Montgomery avenue and sewer.

CONTRACT NO. 4,

Comprising about 1,350 feet of 18-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on North avenue, from Boyle street to Palo Alto street.

CONTRACT NO. 5,

Comprising about 400 feet of 12-inch CIRCULAR PIPE SEWER on Montgomery alley, from the line of Mrs. Wallace's property to Montgomery avenue sewer.

Drawings and specifications can be seen at the City Engineer's office, City Hall. Bids must state the kind of sewer proposed to be furnished (cement or vitrified clay pipe) and must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals," Contract No 1 (or 2 &c., as the case may be,) and delivered on or before 3 P. M., AUGUST 5th, 1869. Forms of proposals, on which forms alone bids will be received, will be furnished at the City Engineer's office. The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

By order of the Commission.

CHAS. DAVIS,

jy30:m84 City Engineer.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS addressed to the undersigned will be received until AUGUST 6th, 1869, for the

Graduation, Masonry and Ballasting,

OF THE BUTLER BRANCH

Of the Western Penn R. R.,

Extending from Freeport, Armstrong county, to Butler, Butler county, Pa., a distance of TWENTY-ONE MILES. Profiles and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., on and after July 26th.

G. B. ROBERTS,

jy22:m41 CHIEF ENGINEER.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 30, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals for the construction of a Public Sewer on Forty-Second street, from Butler street to the Allegheny river. Also, for one on Eleventh street, from the foot of Washington street to the Allegheny river. Also, for Grading, Paving and Curbing of Forty-second street, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and for Grading and Paving Pleasant Alley, from Forty-third to Forty-fourth street, will be received at this office until

THURSDAY, AUGUST 5TH.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids considered unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

jy30:m86 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

NOTICE TO ENGINE BUILDERS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of CITY WATER WORKS, up to August 6th, 1869, for ONE STEAM CYLINDER 26 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke, one pump 16 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke. Engine and pump to be erected and put in successful operation in the engine house at the Lower Basin, Bedford avenue.

ALSO—Plans will be received by the Water Committee for improved class of pumping engines, to equal the capacity of a steam

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

President Grant is expected to pass through the city to-day.

Prepare your smoked glasses for the eclipse of the sun, which takes place on Saturday.

All Right.—The break in the tunnel at Cork's Run, Pan Handle railroad, has been repaired and trains are now running regularly.

On Monday next a large number of prisoners, drunkards and vagabonds will be removed to the County Work House from the jail.

Trade has considerably revived in the city. Our wholesale and retail merchants are doing a lively business and money is by no means limited.

The Market Committee will meet this evening. The Fifth avenue market will be thoroughly discussed. No better location than that already acted upon by Select Council can be made.

Arrived.—Yesterday officer Ruch arrived from Oil City with John W. Henry, the party who is charged with having forged the name of General Rowley to a check. Henry will have a hearing to-day.

Educational.—The school year of the Steubenville Female Seminary, one of the best conducted and most delightfully situated educational institutes of the country, commences September 7th, next. See advertisment in another column.

Knocked Down.—Samuel Cordgman informed Mayor Brush yesterday that John Fleming had knocked him down with his clenched fist, an altogether unlawful proceeding. John was brought to the lockup, where he now awaits a hearing.

Fined.—Julia McFadden was fined fifty dollars and cost, yesterday by Mayor Brush, for selling liquor on Sunday. Micheal Kelley and John Hasley were each fined one dollar and costs, for allowing their horses to stand unhitched, on Fifth avenue yesterday afternoon.

New Regulations.—Hereafter, every member of the police force about to go on duty, when answering at roll call, must have his uniform in proper order and his boots blackened. This regulation is according to orders just issued by the Police Committee and the Mayor.

Liquor Cases.—Alderman Taylor had Charles Goettman and Micheal Gruber before him yesterday, charged with selling liquor on Sunday on oath of James P. Miller. Benjamin Courtney also made information against Goettman for a similar offense. The accused will have a hearing on Saturday.

Funeral Yesterday.—Monday afternoon, Dr. Koler, one of the oldest practicing physicians in the vicinity, died at his residence in East Birmingham. His funeral took place yesterday, and was largely attended by his friends and acquaintances, from all classes of the community, who had held him in the highest esteem while living.

Egged Him.—Henry Supe, a lad employed in a grocery store on Wylie street, amused himself yesterday by throwing eggs, of an uncertain age, but very decided odor, at Mr. Wm. McClarren who happened to pass the establishment. Mr. McClarren called on Mayor Brush, in relation of Supe's conduct, which caused an officer to be dispatched in search of him.

Runaway.—Yesterday afternoon, a horse attached to a light buggy, in which Mr. John Henon, lumber merchant, Seventeenth ward, was seated, ran away in Fiftieth street. Mr. Henon was thrown out of the vehicle and severely, though not dangerously injured in the head. The runaway, with what remained of the buggy, was stopped near Thirty-eighth street.

Locked Up.—Yesterday officer Mulvaney discovered William Moore in an intoxicated condition, sleeping on the steps of a Penn street residence. William was awakened and ordered to move on by the officer whereat he became quite savage and attempted to whip his annoyer. He failed however, and found himself in a very short time in the lockup. Mayor Brush will attend to him today.

Serious Charge.—Stephen W. W. Zimmons was before U. S. Commissioner Gamble, yesterday, charged with robbing mails. Williams Zimmons alleges that Stephen received one of his letters a few days ago, containing $10, which he appropriated to his own use. The letter was registered, and Stephen is alleged to have receipted for it in William's name, at the Temperanceville Postoffice. The accused was committed for a further hearing to-morrow.

Cleveland Female Seminary.—The fifteenth annual catalogue of this institution is before us. We rejoice at the evident success of this admirable seminary. Professor Sanford, the Principal, is a veteran educator, to whose fine literary and administrative abilities, in connection with some fifteen or more accomplished teachers on his staff, the well earned success of the school may be ascribed. Such institutions are public blessings, and the public should see to it that they are well supported.

Resisting an Officer.—Mayor Brush is determined to make reststance to his officers, in the discharge of their duty, a losing business. Yesterday, Henry Berger and George Woods, were quarreling when officer Mulvaney attempted to arrest them. In doing so Berger resisted stoutly, and struck him, At the Mayors office Berger was fined twenty-five dollars for his conduct, in default of which he went to jail, Woods paid a fine of five dollars for disorderly conduct and was discharged.

Pigeon Quarrel.—Mrs. Mary Pigeon acted very improperly yesterday if she entered the house of a neighbor, Mrs. Margaret Scott, and assailed the character of that lady by all manner of vile epithets, besides threatening to tread upon her with force sufficient to very seriously impair the health of the Scott digestive organs. Alderman Strain was of this opinion after hearing Mrs. Scott's statement, when he issued a warrant for the arrest of the quarrelsome Pigeon, who was caged for a hearing.

Lost Balloon.—At Wooster, Ohio, on Monday afternoon, Jacob Secrist made a balloon ascension. It rose magnificently, and he displayed great courage and coolness in its management. In passing Orville he discovered that the valve was deranged. In attempting to land he was dragged through a field. The balloon became unmanageable, tore up fences and uprooted the growing corn. To avoid being entangled in a tree top he jumped out of the car. The balloon floated away. It was last seen passing Lawrence, Massillon and Canton.

THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.

Temperance Men in Council—Their County Convention Yesterday—Nomination of Isaiah Dickey, Esq., for County Commissioner—The Platform, Speeches and General Arrangements.

Yesterday afternoon was the time appointed for the County Convention called in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting of Temperance advocates, recently held in Mozart Hall, this city. The movement had been the theme of conversation and excitement among those interested for sometime previous to the meeting at which it was decided upon, and as a result the ardent friends of the cause, to the number of about eighty, gathered around the Court House, yesterday afternoon, and anxiously awaited the commencement of the exercises.

When the delegates had all assembled, shortly after two o'clock in the Common Pleas Court room, Mr. George Irwin, chairman of the Executive Committee, called them to order, and a temporary organization was effected by calling Rev. J. B. Clark, D. D., to the chair, and designating Messrs. R. C. Miller, George Irwin, and Dr. C. Evans, Secretaries, Rev. Mr. Clark after briefly thanking the Convention for the honor confered upon him, announced as the first business in order, the appointment of a committee on credentials. Messrs. George Irwin, L. H. Eaton, N. P. Kerr, L. D. McCandless and Thomas Bakewell, were selected as the committee.

On motion, Mr. Jas. Miller, Rev. J. Westfall, and Rev J. K. Kramer, were appointed a committee on Permanent Organization.

Mr. Eaton moved the appointment of a committee on resolutions. Carried, and Rev. S. Y. Kennedy, Mr. T. J. Hoskinson, W. H. Cluley, J. Gallagher and W. G. Warren designated.

Mr. Gallagher declined, stating he was not a delegate to the Convention, when Mr. S. M. Duvall was substituted.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

The Committee on Organization now presented the following report:

President—Rev. J. B. Clark, D.D.

Vice Presidents—T. J. Hoskinson, Wm. M'Gonnigle, Wm. Johnson, G. W. Bradley and Rev. J. H. Conkle.

Secretaries—Dr. C. Evans, George Irwin, R. C. Miller.

The report was adopted.

THE DELEGATES.

The Committee on Credentials presented a list of delegates, numbering eighty, when Mr. Eaton offered the following:

Resolved, That inasmuch as in some districts no election for delegates has been held, and many friends of temperance are with us to-day, we resolve ourselves into a mass convention, and proceed to nominate a candidate for County Commissioner.

The Chairman stated if this resolution was adopted the work of the Committee on Credentials was over, and all present were entitled to a voice and vote in the deliberations.

The resolution was adopted.

A delegate suggested that the last part of the resolution was somewhat early, as the Convention could get no man to run as a candidate unless the platform upon which he stood was first explained to him.

THE PLATFORM.

Rev. S. Y. Kennedy now presented the report of the Committee on Resolutions, as follows:

Resolved, That we regard it as our highest duty to earnestly labor for the formation of whatever is calculated to ensure the public good and for the suppression of whatever is thereto opposed.

Resolved, That no business enterprise or practice inimical to the common good may, for the profit or interest of any one man or class, demand protection or toleration on any pretense of natural right, but should be suppressed through the appropriate forms of legislation.

Resolved, That the sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage is a public evil and ought to be totally prohibited.

Resolved, That the present license law of this State is not only inefficient but in our own county has been promotive of incalculable harm.

Resolved, That the steady increase of intemperance and crime in our midst is largely traceable to the unjustifiable multiplication of licensed houses for the sale of intoxicating drinks.

Resolved, That the controlling influence of the whisky interest in nominating, electing and supporting certain of our county officers, compels us, in defence of ourselves, our families, our homes, our religious institutions and the material interests of our county to oppose it.

THE CANDIDATE.

The report was received and the resolutions considered *seriatim* and adopted.

On motion, it was resolved to proceed with the nomination of a candidate for County Commissioner.

Mr. T. J. Hoskinson nominated Isaiah Dickey, Esq., of the Thirteenth ward. In making the nomination the gentleman paid a high tribute to the worth of Mr. Dickey as a citizen widely known and honored, and as an upright Christian gentleman.

The nomination was received with enthusiasm, and, on motion, made unanimous.

MR. DICKEY ACCEPTS.

Loud calls were now made for Mr. Dickey, who was present, when he stepped forward and spoke as follows:

"Gentlemen of the Convention, I am no speaker, as you will perceive before I get through with what I have to say. This matter has taken me by surprise and I hardly know how to order my words. I may however, say that I am highly gratified at the vote by which you have selected me as your candidate and thank you for this evidence of your partiality and good will. As for my qualifications for the office, you will have to be the judges of that yourselves. I don't intend to make any lengthy speech at this time, but one point I wish to speak on plainly now, is this: I don't propose to go down into the dirty puddle and mire of politics, so-called, to secure an election, as some politicians in such cases are said to do. My idea of this affair is, that if you can get the people to think about it: if you can get the *feeling* of the people of the county in this matter, there will be no difficulty, and the majority will be strongly in favor of the temperance cause. Now, whether I am the man for you in such a case, you must determine. If you elect me I shall try to the best of my ability to serve your interests in the line of my duty as County Commissioner. As far as pledges are concerned, I have none to make now, further than those resolutions for which I voted, and which I heartily endorse.

I have this to say, though, that the people are themselves very apt to blame the Commissioners when they themselves are sometimes to blame. I have had some experience in these matters, and I know how they are. Very often the people are too careless in the matter of remonstrating and petitioning until it is all too late. A tavern or stand is about to be inaugurated in a certain place, and before any one thinks of moving to prevent it the mischief is done. It is, however, put in the hands of the Commissioners, to grant these licenses and allow these things to be; but then the people have a power also, and they ought to understand how to manage it.

The other day I heard of an occurrence which illustrates this point. I heard in the morning about nine o'clock that two applications for license would be presented to the Commissioner that day from my own ward. I went to the office as soon as I could and found that one had been refused and one granted. There had been no remonstrance sent in against them. I talked with the Commissioners and asked them if the matter had to be pushed forward so fast. They said it could be delayed a little while. I went round the ward and tried to get the feeling of the people manifested in the matter. I also thought I'd try to get the woman who had secured one license to give it up but failed in every argument, although I used a pecuniary one at that. Just as I was turning away from her she said: "I suppose you think I am a very bad woman in trying to get my license." I said I didn't know how she thought, but it certainly appeared that way to me. She said, "No; I am not a bad woman, and it's not wrong for me to get my license. I am a good woman. I pray every day. Go to church regular. Never eat a meal without asking God's blessing upon it, and have prayed especially about this license, and I think my prayers are to be answered, for I am to get my license. Mr. —— told me so. He is to get it for me for twenty-five dollars, and if he don't get it he is not to get any money. He told me to-day he could get it." [Laughter.] So that woman talked. This is the way some people look at this matter, and it explains in a measure how some of the licenses are procured, the fault in a great measure of the temperance people.

But I've talked enough and will say no more now. Again, I thank you for your partiality and good will, as evinced by your vote." [Applause.]

THE CONVENTION REJOICETH.

Several delegates here became unable to repress their gushing enthusiasm, and were allowed a few moments, by common consent, to relieve themselves in mutual congratulations on the prospects of the cause, and everything connected therewith, and in touching allusions to their last defeats and discouragements which now seemed almost lost in the great success which by the eye of faith [the only medium through which they looked] they perceived in the future. The general joy was becoming infectious, and several sedate delegates who had modestly retired to remote corners of the room were about to come forward, when an irrepressible suddenly jumped up and announced that no satisfactory pledge had been given. He wanted the candidate to pledge himself to some strict and unmistakable course. Considerable consternation was created by this bombshell, and a general murmur of disapproval was heard, when

AN INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.

Mr. Dickey, said: "Gentlemen, I am perfectly independent in this matter. You may elect me or not just as you choose, I am well known in the community and I take it my forty years residence among you is, and certainly must be a sufficient answer to all questions which might be put to me. I am in hearty sympathy with your movement, and will aid it with all my influence and ability, but I don't feel called upon to place myself in a position, to be catechised and compelled to answer all sorts of questions which may be propounded to me, or make pledges inconsistent with my right as a free, inependent, partizan citizen."

A voice—"That's enough for us, we're all satisfied," followed by applause at once settled the imprudent advocate of "pledges," who sank back into his seat with a "Richard Swiveller" feeling that he was "a poor lone horphan."

THE CAMPAIGN—HOW TO CONDUCT IT.

The Convention was again entertained with congratulatory remarks, by Prof. L. H. Eaton and others who were cheered and encouraged by the signs of progress on every side, and hoped that the old and young would unite in helping forward the good cause. A general discussion then ensued on the conduct of the campaign during which.

Mr. Travelli gave some interesting reminiscences of the manner in which the last one was carried on. He thought there was little use in meeting, nominating candidates and passing resolutions unless something was arranged for the proper carrying out of the plan. At the last campaign a great fuss had been occasioned for want of tickets. On the day they should have been distributed, after diligent inquiry he discovered them in a store in Allegheny where they had been left—to take care of themselves. He hoped some better organization would be had in the future, and that the whole county would be properly canvassed.

Mr. Westfall moved that the Executive Committee be instructed to prepare circulars, giving the statistics of intemperance in the county and throughout the State—these circulars to be generally distributed.

Mr. Davidson thought a better plan would be to send out speakers. The circulars in all probability would never be read, but people could be aroused by talking personally to them.

A REFORMER.

Mr. David Kirk asked for information at this juncture. He had just come into the Convention, and did not know exactly what turn the Convention had taken. He was heartily in favor of the movement to nominate a new candidate for County Commissioner, though not simply as a temperance man. He was in favor of it because the County Commissioner's office needed reformation, and though not at all a teetotaller, he had come to the Convention to take action in this direction. As a Republican he would work for his party, and gloried in its success, but the Commissioner's office, as it had been conducted, was a stigma on the party, a block in its way, and reformation was needed. He hoped that the Convention would resolve itself into a body, irrespective of any but the one object. Representatives should be selected from every election district, not because of their temperance record simply, but with a view to unite all parties in this work of reform.

The gentleman continued his remarks at some length, and in closing was greeted with three rousing cheers, at the instance of a susceptible delegate.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The next business in order was the selection of an Executive Committee. Great confusion existed at this juncture, and the number of motions, suggestions and frantic appeals to the Chairman was fearful. No two members agreed as to the proper course, some wishing but three or four active men on the Committee, while others contended that two representatives should be named from each district.

Finally, on motion of Mr. Kirk, the Committee was constituted as follows: George Irwin, J. Gallagher, S. M. Duvall, L. H. Eaton, David Kirk.

Subsequently the names of Rev. Mr. Clark was substituted as Chairman of the Committee in place of George Irwin, resigned, and that of George Findley added. [This was denominated a General Committee and authorized to appoint all the necessary sub-committees.]

Mr. Irwin offered a resolution of greeting from the Convention to the temperance men of old Puritan Massachusetts, bidding them God-speed in their present prohibitory law. Adopted.

Mr. N. P. Kerr offered another resolution pledging the unqualified support of the members of the Convention to the nominees.

After some further rmarks of an unimportant character, the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Necromancy.

A few weeks ago a professor of jugglery, necromancy and legerdemain in general, alighted in the little town of Tiltonville, near Portland, Ohio, and announced that he would give a series of exhibitions in the public school house, for the instruction and entertainment of the towns-people. In the meantime he secured lodgings at the house of a widow lady in the village, preferring, as he said, the retirement of a private dwelling to the inconveniences of the country inn. Upon the evening designated for the first entertainment the school house was filled to overflowing with the eager villagers who had seldom looked upon such an entertainment. The exhibition passed off well and everybody was delighted. The next day, however, it was announced that the necromancer had met with an accident, which would indefinitely postpone any further display of his skill. He remained, however, at the widow's and kept closely to his room during the day and evening. Failing to make his appearance the next morning, the servant was sent to his room which she discovered—empty. Further investigations, revealed that along with the mysterious disappearance of the legerdemain Professor a fine pair of boots and an elegant broad cloth suit of clothing, the property of the widow's son, had also disappeared. Added to this, it became evident upon examination that some one had been tampering with a trunk in the house, which contained $3,000 cash. All things being put together, convinced the hospitable widow that she had been swindled, and the towns people that they had been entertaining a rogue, but the matter quieted down and nothing more was said about it.

Yesterday a gentleman from Tiltonville, while passing up Sixth avenue, met an individual answering exactly the description of the absconding necromancer. Convinced of this, he called at the Mayor's office and laid the case before the Mayor, who immediately telegraphed to the widow, asking if she would prosecute if the chap was secured. Receiving an affirmative answer, a warrant was issued and the fellow in a few hours found himself in the lockup. He gave his name as William Stone, acknowledged he was a necromancer, but denied all knowledge of the transaction, and asserted that he had never been in Ohio. He claimed to be connected with Noyes' circus company, and said his engagement would commence with them next Friday. Failing to procure bail, he was held for a hearing as a fugitive from justice.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods at Great Bargains.

The well established and first-class gentlemen's furnishing goods house of Messrs. Putnam & Adams, No. 72 Fifth avenue, announces a grand closing out sale of the remainder of their large stock, at greatly reduced prices. This house, making a specialty of gents' furnishing goods, has attracted an immense trade and nowhere else ordinarily can better bargains in their line of goods be secured, and now that special reductions are to be made, the great advantages to be secured by patrons are clearly apparent. The stock is large and comprises all the novelties and fashionable ideas of the day, and is just such as from which a person of any taste whatever can readily make judicious selection. Such articles as gauze cotton, merino and silk undershirts and drawers, lisle thread, linen, jean and muslin drawers, linen handkerchiefs, gloves, suspenders, ties, bows, summer scarfs, half hose, fancy and dress shirts, &c., &c., may be obtained at prices exceedingly cheap, while all other articles of furnishing goods too numerous to mention here are marked down nearly to actual cost prices, and in some instances much lower. The firm are sole agents for this city of the famous "Quaker City" fine shirts, which are unsurpassed in quality, style, make and excellence of fit, and are regarded the standard in every respect. They are made to button either before or behind, and for buttons or studs. Special reduction in the prices of these superior garments has also been made, and we advice our friends to embrace the opportunity presented for purchasing them cheap. The closing out sale is determined upon, both in the wholesale and retail departments, and we commend the firm of Putnam & Adams to the confidence and patronage of our readers.

A Young Man in Trouble.

Frank Rhodes was before Mayor Drum yesterday charged with a very serious offense. It was alleged by Miss Sarah Dobbins, a domestic in a family residing on Lacock street, that Rhodes had accompanied her home from a social gathering in Pittsburg the evening previous. At the door she bid him good evening and went in the house. A few minutes afterward happening to enter the dining room, she was surprised to see Rhodes there with his hat and coat off. Before she could say a word, he had turned off the gas and attempted to violate her person. Her screams attracted the attention of the family, and caused her assailant to leap through the window into the street, leaving his hat and coat behind.

The proprietor of the house immediately secured the services of officer Jerry Smith, who succeeded in arresting Rhodes a short time afterwards and locking him up. This is the girl's story. Rhodes, on the other hand, asserts she invited him into the house, and while there attempted to rob him, when the scuffle ensued and he becoming alarmed escaped. In answer to a question why he had his coat off, he said he did not know. He is a stranger in the city, having just arrived on Monday, according to his statements. The prosecutrix bears an excellent reputation with all with whom she is acquainted. The Mayor, after a hearing, committed Rhodes to jail for trial, in default of $1,000, to answer a charge preferred against him by the girl.

Curry Institute.

The year just closed has been one of unexampled prosperity in the history of this institution. Its rolls exhibit an attendance of five hundred and thirty-two students, of whom one hundred and thirty are young gentlemen and four hundred and two are young ladies, being an increase of seventy-three over the attendance of last year. Persons wishing to take a thorough normal, commercial or collegiate course cannot do better than take a course in this institution. Its pupils are everywhere successful. The principal has secured spacious apartments on the second floor of buildings, No. 2 and 4 Sixth street, Pittsburgh. The rooms which have been fitted up for the special purpose, are cheerful, light and airy, and will be finished and furnished in fine style. See advertisement in another column.

The Forthcoming Boat Race. The Race Judges Selected—Place for the Race Changed.

The public interest in the forthcoming contest for supremacy on Pittsburgh waters, between Jimmy Hamill and Henry Coulter, which takes place on Saturday next, grows deeper each day, and in certain circles is the engrossing and in certain circles is the engrossing topic of conversation. Hamill is said to be in excellent trim, and calculates to put in his best efforts to secure a victory. He has not neglected his training and daily goes through a series of gymnastic performances, calculated almost to change muscle into bone. Hamill is as good to-day as he was ten years ago, and we confidently look for him to pull such a way as to warrant the large stock of confidence reposed in him by hundreds of earnest and sincere backers. Coulter has strong hopes of winning, and is said to be in good trim. His confidence and that of his friends keeps him even, so far as betting is concerned, with his powerful rival. He daily undergoes a hard course of training and whether defeated or not, this part of the aquatic programme cannot be said to have been neglected.

Betting was more lively last night than heretofore, and we have heard of several large sums being put up without any odds. The general feeling is that the race will be a fair one, and that both men will do the level best to secure triumph. Hamill has certainly much more at stake than Coulter, and will use his very best endeavors to re establish the bright reputation dimmed by reverses.

Mr. Robert C. Elliot, a gentleman who has had considerable experience in the capacity, has been named as Hamill's judge, while Coulter has selected Mr. Samuel Musgrave to act for him in that capacity. These gentlemen have selected Mr. John M. King as referee, a choice which meets with universal favor, and is highly satisfactory to both contestants. Yesterday morning Hamill won the choice of positions by the tossing of a penny, and his side, right or left, he will decide six hours before the race. It is arranged that an eight-oared boat will row after the sculls, in order to keep an eye on the race and afford witnesses should any foul occur, an episode hardly contemplated. The occupants of the boat will be equally divided between Hamill's and Coulter's friends.

The course for holding the race has been changed, so that instead of the race taking place on the Monongahela river, as originally arranged for under the articles of agreement, will be held at Logan's Ferry, on the Allegheny river. The object of the change is to enable those immediately interested to secure a "divy" on the transportation of visitors, which could not have been done on the Monongahela course. (It is rumored that Hamill protests against the change, but we could not gain any definite information on the subject. The matter appears to be in a muddle just now.) The rivers are both in good condition for the race, and should the weather prove favorable, a pretty contest may be anticipated, and may the best man win.

Humboldt Centennial.

Last evening a meeting of the Executive Committee, having in charge the Humboldt Centennial Celebration, was held at Turner Hall.

Mr. Julius Montzheimer presided, with Dr. Meinertzhazen as Secretary.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

It was announced that Dr. Ehrhardt had been elected President of the festival, Mr. James Park Honorary President, Capt. Julius Montzheimer Vice President, Dr. Meinertzhazen Corresponding Secretary, and Mr. Wilson King Recording Secretary.

Progress was reported from the various sub committees. The Music Committee reported that they had secured the best musicians in the city, and had adopted a programme. They had also secured the services of the Turners for the "Tableaux Vivant."

The Monumental Committee reported they had been in consultation with the Park Commission, and would visit the sites proposed for the purpose of making a selection Wednesday next.

They also reported that although numerous designs for the foundation had been shown them, none had yet been adopted,

Dr. Hardtmeyer was elected Fest-Marshal.

On motion it was decided to hold a meeting of the Executive Committee every Wednesday.

The meeting then adjourned.

New Goods of the First Quality, at the Lowest Market Prices.

VIZ:

Eagle Brand Condensed Milk;
Borden's Extract of Beef;
Leslie's Liquid Rennet;
French and Spanish Olives;
French Capers and French Mustard:
Durham and Colman's Mustard;
American and English Catsups;
Crosse and Blackwell's Renowned Pickles;
Boston Spiced Salmon;
Cox's Refined Sparkling Gelatine;
Assorted Fruits, Syrups and Extracts;
Orange, Strawberry, Raspberry and Pine Apple Marmalade;
Pickled and Fresh Lobsters,
Spiced and Fresh Cove Oysters;
White Clover Honey:
Guava Jelly, India Currie Powder;
Dessicated Cocoa Nut;
Tapioca Farina and Heckert's Farina;
Baker's and Whitman's Chocolates;
Broma, Cocoa and Cocoa Shells;
Tamarinds, Bermuda Arrow Root;
Oswego Corn Starch, Cranberry Sauce;
Virgin Oil of Aix, Jellies, Jams;
Dundee Scotch Marmalades;
Crown Layer Raisins;
Jordan Shelled Almonds;
Extra Fine Cream Bon Bons.

112 Federal street, Allegheny City.
GEO. BEAVEN.

Alleged False Pretence.

Two well known cattle dealers had a business difficulty yesterday which resulted in one of them being jailed. The unfortunate party, it is alleged, had given a draft for $9,500 to the other, but when the paper came due, failed to raise the funds. He appealed for a day's time, but for some reason this was refused and and an information made before Alderman Neeper against him for false pretence, upon which he was arrested, and in default of bail in the sum of $15,000, committed to jail for a hearing. The case will doubtless be compromised.

Auction Sale.—So as to close out the entire stock in the specified time, J. W. Barker, Jr., Administrator, has decided to sell the balance now remaining at No. 26 St. Clair street, at auction, commencing to-day at half past nine o'clock A. M., and to continue until all are sold. The stock is large and new, and embraces all the different styles and qualities of goods usually kept in a *first class dry goods store*, such as calicoes, muslins, dress goods, housekeeping goods, flannels, cassimeres, silks, shawls, cloaks, suits, &c., and will be closed without reserve.

Eighty Thousand Dollars' Worth Unsold.

As more than eighty thousand dollars' worth of stock remains still unsold, J. W. Barker, Jr., Administrator, has been authorized to continue the *great closing out sale* at the warerooms of J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market street, for ten days longer, before rendering his account. In order to induce purchasers, goods will be reduced still lower. Many articles will be offered at *twenty-five per cent*, less than they can be purchased in the eastern markets at the present time. The stock, which MUST be sold, embraces desirable Fall and Winter goods, such as Merinoes, Wools, Long Shawls, Blankets, Dark and Medium Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., etc. Wholesale and retail buyers should by all means embrace this opportunity of replenishing their stock, as the prices are decidedly low and the goods *must* be closed out. au4-4t.

It is said that the proprietors of the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS rent no less than nine pews from the different denominations in New York city for all those of their employes who will occupy them regularly, free of charge. This is certainly praiseworthy, and it is to be hoped that others who employ a large number of people will follow the example. The above fact, accompanied with the belief that a firm who would look so closely after the morals and welfare of their employes, would not undertake to impose upon the public, has induced us to give the PLANTATION BITTERS a trial, and having found them all they were represented, we cordially recommend them as a tonic of rare merit.—*Observer, July 1st.*

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Poisonous Toilet Powders.—Ladies habitually using them should discard the same as long as they can get such an exquisite beautifier as Milk of Violets. "Ladies are delighted with it, and will never be without it." Sold by all druggist and fancy goods dealers.

Bates and Bell,

Offer at low prices,
Figured Grenadines,
Summer Silks,
Lace Mantles,
Silk Mantles,
Ladies under garments.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Tents for Camp Meetings.—Hunting and Fishing parties; "A," "Wall" and "Hospital" tents, good as new, at J. H. Johnston's, 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. 22:2w

MARRIED.

DUFFY—McCULLOUGH—July 9th, 1869, at St. Michael's Church, Birmingham, by Rev. Father Frederick, JOHN E. DUFFY, of East Birmingham, and HESTER McCULLOUGH, of Pittsburgh.

[We tender our heartiest congratulations to the happy young couple, and trust their pathway through life may be strewn with the flowers of peace, contentment and unalloyed joys, and may it never be darkened by the heavy shadows cast by clouds of misfortune.]

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 156 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2 00 each.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. R. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $2 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

SPECTACLES

WEAK EYES!

Persons who are suffering from weak eyes or dimness of vision can find nothing better to restore them to their proper standard than by using

THE SCOTCH PEBBLE SPECTACLES,

An article we can gurantee to be genuine, and at such a price that they will come within the reach of all. All we ask is for you to call and examine them, and we will prove their superiority over all others.

W. G. DUNSEATH,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN, 56 FIFTH AVENUE. Jy24

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets, mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,

No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at his house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.

DIETETICS.

DIETETIC PREPARATIONS.

Robinson's Pat. Barley,
Hard's Farinaceous Food,
Hubbell's Prep. Wheat,
Liebig's Chem. Food,
Cox's Spark. Gelatin,
Blair's Liquid Rennet,
Corn Starch, Sago, Tapioca, &c.,

FOR SALE BY

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Cor. SMITHFIELD AND 6th AVENUE. jy4